

Announce

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THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

HEADLAM GROUP PLC

(adopted by special resolution passed on

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[2021]



Pinsent Masons

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THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

HEADLAM GROUP PLC

(adopted by Special Resolution passed on ~~2019~~ 2021)

PRELIMINARY

1. **Exclusion of Model Articles and Table A**

The regulations contained in Model Articles of Association applicable to the Company under or pursuant to the Act, or in Table A in the schedule to The Companies (Tables A to F) Regulations 1985 (as amended) and in any Table A applicable to the Company under any former enactment relating to companies shall not apply to the Company except insofar as they are repeated or contained in these Articles.

2. **Definitions and Interpretation**

In these Articles:-

2.1 if not inconsistent with the subject or context:-

"Act" means the Companies Act 2006

"Acts" means the Companies Acts (as defined in section 2 of the Act) insofar as they apply to the Company

"address" includes a number or address used for the purposes of sending or receiving notices, documents or information by electronic means but, in any other case, shall not include any number or address used for such purpose

"Alternate Director" means an alternate director appointed in accordance with Article 97

"these Articles" means these Articles of Association as from time to time altered

"Auditors" means the auditors for the time being of the Company

"Board" means the Directors or any of them acting as the board of directors of the Company

"calendar year" means a year from 1 January to 31 December inclusive

"clear days"	means in relation to the period of a notice that period excluding the day when the notice is given or deemed to be given and the day for which it is given or on which it is to take effect
"connected with"	in relation to a Director has the meaning given by sections 252 to 255 of the Act
"Directors"	means the directors for the time being of the Company
"dividend"	means dividend or bonus
"electronic form"	has the meaning given to it in section 1168 of the Act
"electronic means"	has the meaning given to it in section 1168 of the Act
<u>"electronic platform"</u>	<u>includes, without limitation, any device, system, procedure, method or other facility whatsoever providing an electronic means of attendance at or participation in (or both attendance at and participation in) a general meeting, authorised by the Board</u>
"Executive Director"	means a Director holding any office or employment or providing any services as referred to in Article 109
"Group"	means the Company and all Subsidiary Undertakings for the time being
"hard copy form" and "hard copy"	has the meaning given to it in section 1168 of the Act
"holder"	means in relation to any share the member whose name is entered in the Register as the holder of that share
"member"	means a member of the Company
"Office"	means the registered office of the Company
"Operator"	means a person approved by the Treasury under the Regulations
"paid"	means paid or credited as paid
<u>"present"</u>	<u>means, for the purposes of physical general meetings, present in person, or, for the purposes of a general meeting held by a combination of physical and electronic means, present in person or by means of an electronic platform or platforms</u>
"Register"	means the register of members of the Company and shall, so long as the Regulations so permit or require, include a related Operator register of members
"Regulations"	means the Uncertificated Securities Regulations 2001 (SI 2001 No 3755)
"Seal"	means the common seal of the Company
"Secretary"	means the secretary of the Company or any other person appointed by the Board to perform the duties of the secretary of the Company including a joint, assistant or deputy secretary
"Subsidiary Undertaking"	means a subsidiary undertaking of the Company
"Transfer Office"	means the place where the Company's issuer register of members is for the

time being situated

~~"UKLA" means the UK Listing Authority, a division of the Financial Services Authority in its capacity as competent authority for the purposes of section 72 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000~~

"United Kingdom" means Great Britain and Northern Ireland

"in writing" means the representation or reproduction of words, symbols or other information in a visible form by any method or combination of methods, whether comprised in electronic form or otherwise, and "written" shall be construed accordingly

"year" means any period of 12 consecutive months

2.2 words denoting the masculine gender shall include the feminine and neuter genders; words denoting the singular number shall include the plural number and vice versa; words denoting persons shall include corporations and unincorporated associations;

2.3 save as provided above any words or expressions defined in the Act or the Regulations shall, if not inconsistent with the subject or context, bear the same meaning;

2.4 all references to the Act, to any section or provision of the Act or to any other statute or statutory provision or subordinate legislation shall be deemed to include a reference to any statutory re-enactment or modification thereof for the time being in force (whether coming into force before or after the adoption of these Articles);

2.5 references to a share (or a holding of a share) being in uncertificated form or in certificated form are references, respectively, to that share being an uncertificated unit of a security or a certificated unit of a security;

2.6 any reference to a meeting shall not be taken as requiring more than one person to be present in person if any quorum requirement can be satisfied by one person;

2.7 any reference to a signature or to something being signed includes in the case of a communication in electronic form, to it being authenticated as specified in the Act;

2.8 any reference to an "instrument" means, unless the contrary is stated, a written document having tangible form and not comprised in an electronic form;

2.9 subject to the Acts, a special resolution shall be effective for any purpose for which an ordinary resolution is expressed to be required; and

2.10 headings to these Articles are inserted for convenience only and shall not affect construction.

LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

3. Liability of Members Limited

The liability of the members of the Company is limited to the amount, if any, unpaid on the shares held by them.

NAME

4. Change of Name

The Company may change its name by resolution of the Board.

VARIATION OF RIGHTS

5. **Variation of Class Rights**

Subject to the Acts, whenever the capital of the Company is divided into different classes of shares, the rights attached to any class of shares in issue may (unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class) from time to time be varied or abrogated, whether or not the Company is being wound up, with the sanction of a special resolution passed at a separate meeting of such holders.

6. **Issues of further shares**

If any class of shares shall have any preferential right to dividend or return of capital, the creation or allotment of other shares having rights to either dividend or return of capital which rank either pari passu with or after that class shall be deemed not to be a variation of the rights of the holders of that class of shares unless otherwise expressly provided by these Articles or by the rights attached to the shares of that class. Any lawful purchase by the Company of its own shares of any class shall be deemed not to be a variation of the rights of the holders of that or any other class of shares in the capital of the Company unless otherwise expressly provided by these Articles or by the rights attached to the shares of that or such other class of shares.

SHARES

7. **Share Capital**

The capital of the Company is divided into ordinary shares of 5p each and 5.6 per cent cumulative preference shares of £1 each ("**Preference Shares**"). The Preference Shares carry a fixed cumulative preferential dividend at the rate of 5.6 per cent per annum, and on a winding-up entitle the holders to repayment of the capital paid up on such Preference Shares, together with a premium of 7½p per share and a sum equal to any arrears of the fixed dividend thereon, calculated down to the date of the return of capital and to be payable irrespective of whether such dividend has been declared or earned or not, in priority to any payment to the holders of any other shares, but the Preference Shares do not entitle the holders to any further participation in the profits or assets of the Company. No further shares ranking in priority to or pari passu with the Preference Shares shall be created without the sanction of an extraordinary resolution passed at a separate meeting of the holders of such Preference Shares.

8. **Rights attaching to shares**

Subject to the provisions of the Acts and without prejudice to any rights attached to any existing shares, any share may be issued with such rights or restrictions as the Company may by ordinary resolution determine.

9. **Redeemable shares**

Subject to the provisions of the Act, shares may be issued which are to be redeemed or are liable to be redeemed at the option of the Company or the holder on such terms and in such manner as the Board may determine.

10. **Payment of Commission**

In addition to all other powers of paying commissions the Company may exercise the powers of paying commissions conferred by the Acts. Subject to the provisions of the Acts, any such commission may be satisfied by the payment of cash or by the allotment of fully or partly paid shares or by the issue of warrants or options which, if exercised will result in the Company being required to make such an allotment or partly in one way and partly in the other.

11. **Trusts not recognised**

Except as required by law, no person shall be recognised by the Company as holding any share upon any trust and (except as otherwise provided by these Articles or by law) the Company shall

not be bound to recognise any interest in any share except an absolute right to the entirety of the share in the holder.

12. **Number of holders**

Shares may not be registered in the names of more than four persons jointly.

UNCERTIFICATED SHARES

13. **Shares in dematerialised form**

The Company may:-

- 13.1 issue shares and other securities which do not have certificates;
- 13.2 permit existing shares and other securities to be held without certificates; and
- 13.3 permit any shares or other securities held without certificates to be transferred without an instrument of transfer

in each case in dematerialised form pursuant to the Regulations.

14. **Application of Articles**

If the Company has any shares in issue which are in uncertificated form, these Articles will continue to apply to such shares, but only insofar as they are consistent with:-

- 14.1 holding those shares in uncertificated form;
- 14.2 transferring ownership of those shares by using a relevant system;
- 14.3 any of the provisions of the Regulations; and
- 14.4 any regulation laid down by the Board under Article 17

and, without prejudice to the generality of this Article, no provision of these Articles shall apply or have effect to the extent that it is in any respect inconsistent with the maintenance, keeping or entering up by the Operator, so long as that is permitted or required by the Regulations, of an Operator register of securities in respect of that class of shares in uncertificated form.

15. **Forfeiture, lien and other entitlements**

Where any class of shares in the capital of the Company is a participating security (as defined in Part 3 of the Regulations) and the Company is entitled under any provisions of the Acts or the rules made and practices instituted by the Operator or under these Articles to dispose of, forfeit, enforce a lien or sell or otherwise procure the sale of any shares which are held in uncertificated form, such entitlement (to the extent permitted by the Regulations and the rules made and practices instituted by the Operator) shall include the right to:-

- 15.1 require the conversion of any shares held in uncertificated form which are the subject of any exercise by the Company of any such entitlement into certificated form to enable the Company to effect the disposal, sale or transfer of such shares;
- 15.2 direct the holder to take such steps, by instructions given by means of a relevant system or otherwise, as may be necessary to sell or transfer such shares;
- 15.3 appoint any person to take such other steps, by instruction given by means of a relevant system or otherwise, in the name of the holder of shares as may be required to effect the transfer of such shares and such steps shall be as effective as if they had been taken by the holder of the shares concerned;

- 15.4 transfer any shares which are the subject of any exercise by the Company of any such entitlement by entering the name of the transferee in the Register in respect of that share as a transferred share;
- 15.5 otherwise rectify or change the Register in respect of that share in such manner as may be appropriate; and
- 15.6 take such other action as may be necessary to enable those shares to be registered in the name of the person to whom the shares have been sold or disposed of or as directed by ~~him~~that person.

16. Issuer record of securities

The Company shall be entitled to assume that the entries on any record of securities maintained by it in accordance with the Regulations and regularly reconciled with the relevant Operator register of securities are a complete and accurate reproduction of the particulars entered in the Operator register of securities and shall accordingly not be liable in respect of any act or thing done or omitted to be done by or on behalf of the Company in reliance upon such assumption; in particular, any provision of these Articles which requires or envisages that action will be taken in reliance on information contained in the Register shall be construed to permit that action to be taken in reliance on information contained in any relevant record of securities (as so maintained and reconciled).

17. Additional regulations

The Board may also lay down regulations which:-

- 17.1 govern the issue, holding and transfer and, where appropriate, the mechanics of conversion and redemption of shares held in uncertificated form;
- 17.2 govern the mechanics for payments involving the relevant system; and
- 17.3 make any other provisions which the Board considers are necessary to ensure that these Articles are consistent with the Regulations, and with any rules or guidance of an Operator under the Regulations.

If stated expressly, such regulations will apply instead of other relevant provisions in these Articles relating to certificates and the transfer, conversion and redemption of shares and other securities and any other provisions which are not consistent with the Regulations.

SHARE CERTIFICATES

18. Right to share certificate

Every member (other than a person who is not entitled to a certificate under the Acts) upon becoming the holder of any shares in certificated form shall be entitled without payment to one certificate for all the shares of each class held ~~by him~~ in certificated form and, upon transferring a part of the shares comprised in a certificate, to a certificate for the balance of such shares held in certificated form. Shares of different classes may not be included in the same certificate. The Company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate for shares held jointly by several persons and delivery of a certificate to one joint holder shall be a sufficient delivery to all of them.

19. Execution of share certificates

Share certificates of the Company (other than letters of allotment, scrip certificates and other like documents) shall, unless the Board by resolution otherwise determines, either generally or in any particular case or cases, be issued under the Seal or under any official seal kept by the Company by virtue of section 50 of the Act. Whether or not share certificates are issued under a seal, the Board may by resolution determine, either generally or in any particular case or cases, that any signatures on any certificates for shares, stock or debenture or loan stock (except where the trust deed constituting any stock or debenture or loan stock provides to the contrary) or representing any other form of security of the Company need not be autographic but may be applied to the certificates by some mechanical means or may be printed thereon or that such certificates need not

be signed by any person. Every share certificate shall specify the number and class of the shares to which it relates and the amount paid up on such shares.

20. **Replacement of share certificates**

If a share certificate is worn out, defaced, lost, stolen or destroyed, it may be renewed without payment of any fee but on such terms (if any) as to evidence and indemnity with or without security and otherwise as the Board requires and, in the case of a worn out or defaced certificate, on delivery up of that certificate. In the case of loss, theft or destruction, the person to whom the new certificate is issued may be required to pay to the Company any exceptional out of pocket expenses incidental to the investigation of evidence of loss, theft or destruction and the preparation of the requisite form of indemnity.

21. **Share certificates sent at holder's risk**

Every share certificate sent in accordance with these Articles will be sent out at the risk of the member or other person entitled to the certificate. The Company will not be responsible for any share certificate lost or delayed in the course of delivery.

LIEN ON SHARES

22. **Company's lien on shares not fully paid**

The Company shall have a first and paramount lien on every share (not being a fully paid share) for all moneys (whether presently payable or not) payable at a fixed time or called in respect of that share. The Board may at any time declare any share to be wholly or in part exempt from the provisions of this Article. The Company's lien on a share shall extend to any amount payable in respect of it and to any share or security issued in right of it.

23. **Enforcing lien by sale**

The Company may sell in such manner as the Board determines any share on which the Company has a lien if the sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable and is not paid within 14 clear days after notice in writing has been given to the holder of the share or to the person entitled to it in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of the holder or otherwise by operation of law, demanding payment and stating that if the notice is not complied with the shares may be sold.

24. **Giving effect to a sale**

To give effect to a sale the Board may authorise some person to execute an instrument of transfer or otherwise effect the transfer of the shares sold to, or in accordance with the directions of, the purchaser. The purchaser shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase moneys, and the title of the transferee to the shares shall not be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings relating to the sale. The remedy of any person aggrieved by the sale shall be in damages only and against the Company exclusively.

25. **Application of proceeds of sale**

The net proceeds of the sale, after payment of the costs of sale, shall be applied in or towards payment of so much of the sum for which the lien exists as is presently payable, and any residue shall (upon surrender to the Company for cancellation of the certificate, if any, for the shares sold and subject to a like lien for any moneys not presently payable as existed upon the shares before the sale) be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the date of the sale.

CALLS ON SHARES

26. **Calls**

Subject to the terms of allotment, the Board may make calls upon the members in respect of any moneys unpaid on their shares (whether in respect of nominal value or premium) and each member shall (subject to at least 14 clear days' notice having been given specifying when and

where payment is to be made) pay to the Company as required by the notice the amount called on ~~his~~ their shares. A call may be required to be paid by instalments. A call may, before receipt by the Company of any sum due thereunder, be revoked in whole or part and payment of a call may be postponed in whole or part. A person upon whom a call is made shall remain liable jointly and severally with the successors in title to ~~his~~ their shares for calls made upon ~~him~~ them notwithstanding the subsequent transfer of the shares in respect of which the call was made.

27. **When call made**

A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Board authorising the call was passed.

28. **Liability of joint holders**

The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect of that share.

29. **Interest due on non-payment**

If a call remains unpaid after it has become due and payable the person from whom the sum is due and payable shall pay interest on the amount unpaid from the day it became due and payable until it is paid at the rate fixed by the terms of allotment of the share or in the notice of the call or, if no rate is fixed, at the appropriate rate as defined in section 609 of the Act but the Board may waive payment of the interest wholly or in part.

30. **Sums payable treated as calls**

An amount payable in respect of a share on allotment or at any fixed date, whether in respect of nominal value or premium or as an instalment of a call, shall be deemed to be a call and if it is not paid the provisions of these Articles shall apply as if that amount had become due and payable by virtue of a call.

31. **Power to differentiate**

Subject to the terms of allotment, the Board may make arrangements on the issue of shares for a difference between the holders in the amounts and times of payment of calls on their shares.

32. **Payment of calls in advance**

The Board may, if it thinks fit, receive from any member willing to advance it all or any part of the moneys uncalled and unpaid upon any shares held by ~~him~~ that member, and may pay upon all or any of the moneys so advanced (until the same would but for such advance become presently payable) interest at the appropriate rate as defined in section 609 of the Act or at such other rate as may be agreed between the Board and such member, subject to any directions of the Company in general meeting.

FORFEITURE AND SURRENDER OF SHARES

33. **Notice if call not paid**

If a call remains unpaid after it has become due and payable the Board may give to the person from whom it is due not less than 14 clear days' notice requiring payment of the amount unpaid together with any interest which may have accrued and any costs, charges and expenses incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment. The notice shall name the place where payment is to be made and shall state that if the notice is not complied with the shares in respect of which the call was made will be liable to be forfeited.

34. **Forfeiture on non-compliance with notice**

If the notice is not complied with any share in respect of which it was given may, before the payment required by the notice has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the Board and the

forfeiture shall include all dividends or other moneys payable in respect of the forfeited share and not paid before the forfeiture. The Board may accept upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed a surrender of any share liable to be forfeited and, subject to such terms and conditions, a surrendered share shall be treated as if it had been forfeited. Notice of the forfeiture shall forthwith be given to the person who before such forfeiture was the holder of the share, or the person entitled to the share by transmission, as the case may be, but no forfeiture shall be invalidated by any omission or neglect to give such notice.

35. **Disposal of forfeited shares**

Subject to the provisions of the Acts, a forfeited share may be sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of on such terms and in such manner as the Board determines either to the person who was before the forfeiture the holder or to any other person and at any time before sale, re-allotment or other disposition the forfeiture may be cancelled on such terms as the Board thinks fit. Where for the purposes of its disposal a forfeited share is to be transferred to any person the Board may authorise some person to execute an instrument of transfer or otherwise effect the transfer of the share to that person.

36. **Effect of forfeiture**

A person any of whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a member in respect of them and shall surrender to the Company for cancellation the certificate, if any, for the shares forfeited but shall remain liable to the Company for all moneys which at the date of forfeiture were presently payable ~~by him~~ to the Company in respect of those shares with interest at the rate at which interest was payable on those moneys before the forfeiture or, if no interest was so payable, at the appropriate rate as defined in section 609 of the Act from the date of the forfeiture until payment but the Board may waive payment wholly or in part or enforce payment without any allowance for the value of the shares at the time of forfeiture or for any consideration received on their disposal.

37. **Statutory declaration as to forfeiture**

A statutory declaration by a Director or the Secretary that a share has been forfeited or sold to satisfy a lien of the Company on a specified date shall be conclusive evidence of the facts stated in it as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share and the declaration shall (subject to the execution of an instrument of transfer if necessary) constitute a good title to the share and the person to whom the share is disposed of shall not be bound to see to the application of the consideration, if any, nor shall ~~his~~ their title to the share be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings relating to the forfeiture, sale or disposal of the share.

38. **Surrender of Shares**

The Directors may accept the surrender of any share which they are in a position to forfeit. The same consequences shall flow from the surrender of such a share as if such share had been effectively forfeited by the Directors; in particular, any share so surrendered may be disposed of in the same manner as a forfeited share.

TRANSFER OF SHARES

39. **Form of transfer**

A share held in certificated form may be transferred by an instrument of transfer in any usual form or in any other form which the Board may approve, which shall be executed by or on behalf of the transferor and, unless the share is fully paid, by or on behalf of the transferee. A share held in uncertificated form may be transferred by means of a relevant system. The transferor shall be deemed to remain the holder of the share until the transferee is entered on the Register as its holder.

40. **Refusal of registration of partly-paid share**

The Board may, in the case of shares held in certificated form, in its absolute discretion refuse to register the transfer of a share which is not fully paid provided that, where any such shares are

admitted to the Official List of the [UKLA Financial Conduct Authority](#), such discretion may not be exercised in such a way as to prevent dealings in the shares of that class from taking place on an open and proper basis.

41. Rights to refuse registration of certificated shares

41.1 The Board may also refuse to register a transfer of shares held in certificated form unless the instrument of transfer is:-

41.1.1 duly stamped or duly certified or otherwise shown to the satisfaction of the Board to be exempt from stamp duty, lodged at the Transfer Office or at such other place as the Board may appoint and (save in the case of a transfer by a person to whom no certificate was issued in respect of the shares in question) accompanied by the certificate for the shares to which it relates, and such other evidence as the Board may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer and, if the instrument of transfer is executed by some other person on ~~his~~ [the transferor's](#) behalf, the authority of that person so to do;

41.1.2 in respect of only one class of shares; and

41.1.3 in favour of not more than four transferees.

42. Notice of refusal

If the Board refuses to register a transfer of shares held in certificated form, it shall as soon as practicable and in any event within two months after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the Company send to the transferee notice of the refusal together with its reasons for the refusal.

43. No fee for registration

No fee shall be charged for the registration of any instrument of transfer or other document relating to or affecting the title to any share or for making any entry in the Register affecting the title to any share.

44. Retention of transfers

The Company shall be entitled to retain any instrument of transfer which is registered, but any instrument of transfer which the Board refuses to register shall be returned to the person lodging it when notice of the refusal is given.

45. Renunciation deemed to be a transfer

For all purposes of these Articles relating to the registration of transfers of shares, the renunciation of the allotment of any shares by the allottee in favour of some other person shall be deemed to be a transfer and the Board shall have the same powers of refusing to give effect to such a renunciation as if it were a transfer.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

46. Transmission on death

If a member dies, the survivor or survivors where ~~he~~ [the member](#) was a joint holder, and ~~his~~ [the member's](#) personal representatives where ~~he~~ [the member](#) was a sole holder or the only survivor of joint holders, shall be the only persons recognised by the Company as having any title to ~~his~~ [that member's](#) interest; but nothing contained in these Articles shall release the estate of a deceased member from any liability in respect of ~~any share which had been held (whether solely or jointly) by him~~ [that member's shares](#).

47. **Election of person entitled by transmission**

A person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member or otherwise by operation of law may, upon such evidence being produced as the Board may properly require and subject as subsequently provided in these Articles, elect either to become the holder of the share or to ~~have nominate~~ some other person ~~nominated by him to be~~ registered as the transferee. If ~~he elects they elect~~ to become the holder ~~he~~, the person shall give notice to the Company to that effect. If ~~he elects they elect~~ to have another person registered ~~he they~~ shall, if the share is held in certificated form, execute an instrument of transfer of the share to that person or, if the share is held in uncertificated form, transfer the share to that person by way of a relevant system. All the provisions of these Articles relating to the transfer and the registration of transfers of shares (including any right to refuse to register any transfer) shall apply to the notice or transfer as if it were a transfer by the member and the death or bankruptcy of the member or other event giving rise to the entitlement had not occurred.

48. **Rights of person entitled by transmission**

Subject to any other provisions of these Articles, a person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member or otherwise by operation of law shall have the rights to which ~~he they~~ would be entitled if ~~he they~~ were the holder of the share, except that ~~he they~~ shall not, before being registered as the holder of the share, be entitled in respect of it to receive notice of or to attend or vote at any meeting of the Company or at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the Company. The Board may at any time give notice requiring any such person to elect either to be registered ~~himself as holder of the share~~ or to transfer the share and if the notice is not complied with within 60 days the Board may thereafter withhold payment of all dividends or other moneys payable in respect of the share until the requirements of the notice have been complied with.

UNTRACEABLE SHAREHOLDERS

49. **Power to sell shares**

49.1 The Company shall be entitled to sell at the best price reasonably obtainable any shares of a member or the shares to which a person is entitled by virtue of transmission on death or bankruptcy or otherwise by operation of law if and provided that:-

49.1.1 for a period of twelve years, no cash dividend payable in respect of the shares has been claimed, no cheque or warrant sent by the Company through the post in a pre-paid envelope addressed to the member or to the person entitled to the shares at ~~his their~~ address on the Register or (if different) the last known address given by the member or the person so entitled to which cheques and warrants are to be sent has been paid, each attempt to make a payment in respect of the shares by means of bank transfer or other method for the payment of dividends or other moneys in respect of shares has failed and no communication has been received by the Company from the member or the person so entitled (in ~~his their~~ capacity as member or person entitled);

49.1.2 in such period of twelve years at least three dividends (whether interim or final) have become payable on the shares;

~~49.1.3 the Company has at the expiration of the said period of twelve years by advertisement in both a national newspaper and in a newspaper circulating in the area in which the address referred to in Article 49.1.1 is located given notice of its intention to sell such shares; and~~

49.1.3 on or after the expiry of that period of 12 years the Company has sent a notice to the member at the address shown on the register of members, giving notice of its intention to sell the share and before sending such notice the Company has made reasonable efforts to trace the member, engaging, where appropriate, a professional asset reunification or tracing agent; and

- 49.1.4 during the period of three months following the ~~publication of the said advertisements~~ date of that notice the Company has not received ~~no any~~ communication ~~in respect of such share~~ from ~~such the~~ member or ~~the~~ person entitled ~~by transmission to the share~~.
- 49.2 If at any time during or after the said period of twelve years further shares have been issued in right of those held at the commencement of that period or of any issued in right during that period (the "**Further Shares**"), the Company may also sell the Further Shares, provided that the Further Shares have been referred to in the ~~Relevant Advertisement~~ notice referred to in Article 49.1.3 and provided that the three month period referred to in Article 49.1.4 has elapsed.
- 49.3 If the Further Shares have not been referred to in the ~~Relevant Advertisement~~ notice referred to in Article 49.1.3, the Company may sell the Further Shares provided that:-
- 49.3.1 in respect of those shares held at the commencement of the relevant twelve year period the provisions of Articles 49.1.1 to 49.1.4 have been complied with;
- 49.3.2 in respect of the Further Shares the Company has ~~by advertisement in both a national newspaper and in a newspaper circulating in the area in which the address referred to in Article 49.1.1 is located given~~ sent a notice to the member at the address shown on the register of members, giving notice of its intention to sell the Further Shares and before sending such notice the Company has made reasonable efforts to trace the member, engaging, where appropriate, a professional asset reunification or tracing agent; and
- 49.3.3 during the period of three months following the ~~publication of the advertisement referred to at 49.3.2~~ date of that notice the Company has received no communication in respect of the Further Shares from such member for person entitled.

50. **Procedure on sale**

To give effect to a sale pursuant to the preceding Article the Board may authorise some person to execute an instrument of transfer or otherwise effect the transfer of the shares to be sold. If the shares concerned are in uncertificated form, in accordance with the Regulations, the Company may issue a written notification to the Operator requiring conversion of the shares into certificated form. The purchaser shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase moneys and the title of the transferee to the shares shall not be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings relating to the sale. The net proceeds of sale shall belong to the Company which shall be obliged to account to the former member or other person previously entitled to the shares for an amount equal to the net proceeds, which shall be a debt of the Company, and shall enter the name of such former member or other person in the books of the Company as a creditor for such amount. No trust shall be created and no interest shall be payable in respect of the debt, and the Company shall not be required to account for any money earned on the net proceeds, which may be employed in the business of the Company or invested in such investments for the benefit of the Company as the Board may from time to time determine.

DISCLOSURE OF INTERESTS

51. **Disclosure of interests**

51.1 For the purposes of this Article, unless the context otherwise requires:-

- 51.1.1 "**disclosure notice**" means a notice issued by or on behalf of the Company requiring disclosure of interests in shares pursuant to section 793 and sections 821 to 825 of the Act;
- 51.1.2 "**specified shares**" means all or, as the case may be, some of the shares specified in a disclosure notice;
- 51.1.3 "**restrictions**" means one or more, as the case may be, of the restrictions referred to in Article 51.3;

- 51.1.4 "**restriction notice**" means a notice issued by or on behalf of the Company stating, or substantially to the effect, that (until such time as the Board determines otherwise pursuant to Article 51.4) the specified shares referred to therein shall be subject to one or more of the restrictions stated therein;
- 51.1.5 "**restricted shares**" means all or, as the case may be, some of the specified shares referred to in a restriction notice;
- 51.1.6 a person other than the member holding a share shall be treated as appearing to be interested in that share if:-
- (a) the member has informed the Company, whether under any statutory provision relating to disclosure of interests or otherwise, that the person is, or may be, or has been at any time during the three years immediately preceding the date upon which the disclosure notice is issued, so interested; or
 - (b) the Board (after taking account of any information obtained from the member or, pursuant to a disclosure notice, from any other person) knows or has reasonable cause to believe that the person is, or may be, or has been at any time during the three years immediately preceding the date upon which the disclosure notice is issued, so interested; or
 - (c) in response to a disclosure notice, the member or any other person appearing to be so interested has failed to establish the identities of all those who are so interested and (after taking into account the response and any other relevant information) the Board has reasonable cause to believe that such person is or may be so interested;
- 51.1.7 "**connected**" shall have the meaning given to it in section 839 of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988;
- 51.1.8 "**interested**" shall be construed as it is for the purpose of section 793 and sections 821 to 825 of the Act;
- 51.1.9 "**recognised investment exchange**" shall have the same meaning as in the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000; and
- 51.1.10 for the purposes of Articles 51.2.2 and 51.4 the Company shall not be treated as having received the information required by the disclosure notice in accordance with the terms of such disclosure notice in circumstances where the Board knows or has reasonable cause to believe that the information provided is false or materially incorrect.
- 51.2 Notwithstanding anything in these Articles to the contrary, if:-
- 51.2.1 a disclosure notice has been served on a member or any other person appearing to be interested in the specified shares; and
 - 51.2.2 the Company has not received (in accordance with the terms of such disclosure notice) the information required therein in respect of any of the specified shares within 14 days after the service of such disclosure notice,
- then the Board may (subject to Article 51.7) determine that the member holding the specified shares shall, upon the issue of a restriction notice referring to those specified shares in respect of which information has not been received, be subject to the restrictions referred to in such restriction notice, and upon the issue of such restriction notice such member shall be so subject. As soon as practicable after the issue of a restriction notice the Company shall serve a copy of the notice on the member holding the specified shares.
- 51.3 The restrictions which the Board may determine shall apply to restricted shares pursuant to this Article shall be one or more, as determined by the Board, of the following:-

- 51.3.1 that the member holding the restricted shares shall not be entitled, in respect of the restricted shares, to attend or be counted in the quorum or vote either personally or by proxy at any general meeting or at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares or upon any poll or to exercise any other right or privilege in relation to any general meeting or any meeting of the holders of any class of shares;
- 51.3.2 that no transfer of the restricted shares shall be effective or shall be registered by the Company, provided that where the restricted shares are held in uncertificated form registration of a transfer may only be refused if permitted by the Regulations;
- 51.3.3 that no dividend (or other moneys payable) shall be paid in respect of the restricted shares and that, in circumstances where an offer of the right to elect to receive shares instead of cash in respect of any dividend is or has been made, any election made thereunder in respect of such specified shares shall not be effective.
- 51.4 The Board may determine that one or more of the restrictions imposed on restricted shares shall cease to apply at any time. If the Company receives in accordance with the terms of the relevant disclosure notice the information required therein in respect of the restricted shares all restrictions imposed on the restricted shares shall cease to apply seven days after receipt of the information. In addition, in the event that the Company receives notice of a transfer in respect of all or any restricted shares, which would otherwise be given effect to, pursuant to a sale:-
- 51.4.1 on a recognised investment exchange; or
- 51.4.2 on any stock exchange outside the United Kingdom on which the Company's shares are normally dealt; or
- 51.4.3 on the acceptance of a takeover offer (as defined in sections 974 to 976 and 991 of the Act) for the shares of the class of which such restricted shares form part,
- to a party not connected with the member holding such restricted shares or with any other person appearing to be interested in such restricted shares, then all the restrictions imposed on such restricted shares shall cease to apply with effect from the date on which any such notice as aforesaid is received by the Company provided always that if, within ten days after such receipt, the Board decides that it has reasonable cause to believe that the change in the registered holder of such restricted shares would not be as a result of an arm's length sale resulting in a material change in the beneficial interests in such restricted shares, the restrictions imposed on the restricted shares shall continue to apply.
- 51.5 Where the Board makes a decision pursuant to the proviso to Article 51.4, the Company shall notify the purported transferee of such decision as soon as practicable and any person may make representations in writing to the Board concerning any such decision. The Company shall not be liable to any person as a result of having imposed restrictions or deciding that such restrictions shall continue to apply if the Board acted in good faith.
- 51.6 Where dividends or other moneys are not paid as a result of restrictions having been imposed on restricted shares, such dividends or other moneys shall accrue and, upon the relevant restriction ceasing to apply, shall be payable (without interest) to the person who would have been entitled had the restriction not been imposed.
- 51.7 Where the aggregate number of shares of the same class as the specified shares in which any person appearing to be interested in the restricted shares (together with persons connected with ~~him~~that person) appears to be interested represents less than 0.25 per cent (in nominal value) of the shares of that class in issue (excluding any shares of that class held as treasury shares) at the time of service of the disclosure notice in respect of such specified shares only the restriction referred to in Article 51.3.1 may be determined by the Board to apply.
- 51.8 Shares issued in right of restricted shares shall on issue become subject to the same restrictions whilst held by that member as the restricted shares in right of which they are issued. For this purpose, shares which are allotted or offered or for which applications are invited (whether by the Company or otherwise) pro rata (or pro rata ignoring fractional entitlements and shares not

allocated to certain members by reason of legal or practical problems associated with offering shares outside the United Kingdom) shall be treated as shares issued in right of restricted shares.

- 51.9 The Board shall at all times have the right, at its discretion, to suspend, in whole or in part, any restriction notice given pursuant to this Article either permanently or for any given period and to pay to a trustee any dividend payable in respect of any restricted shares or in respect of any shares issued in right of restricted shares. Notice of any suspension, specifying the sanctions suspended and the period of suspension, shall be given to the relevant holder in writing within seven days after any decision to implement such a suspension.
- 51.10 The limitations on the powers of the Board to impose and retain restrictions under this Article are without prejudice to the Company's power to apply to the court pursuant to the Acts to apply these or any other restrictions on any conditions.

ALTERATION OF CAPITAL

52. Fractions of shares

Upon any consolidation of shares into shares of larger amount the Board may settle any difficulty which may arise with regard to such consolidation and in particular may, as between the holders of shares so consolidated, determine which shares are consolidated into each consolidated share and in the case of any shares registered in the name of one member being consolidated with shares registered in the name of another member the Board may make such arrangements for the allotment, acceptance and/or sale of shares representing fractional entitlements to the consolidated share or for the sale of the consolidated share and may sell the fractions or the consolidated share either upon the market or otherwise to such person at such time and at such price as it may think fit. For the purposes of giving effect to any such sale the Board may authorise some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the shares or fractions sold to, or in accordance with the directions of, the purchaser. The purchaser shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase moneys nor shall ~~his~~ their title to such shares be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings relating to the sale. The Board shall distribute the net proceeds of sale among such members rateably in accordance with their rights and interests in the consolidated share or the fractions provided that the Board shall have power when making such arrangements to determine that no member shall be entitled to receive such net proceeds of sale unless ~~his~~ their entitlement exceeds such amount as the Board shall determine (not exceeding £5 per holding) and if the Board exercises such power the net proceeds of sale not distributed to members as a result shall belong absolutely to the Company.

GENERAL MEETINGS

53. Annual general meetings

All meetings other than annual general meetings shall be called general meetings.

54. Calling of general meetings

54.1 The Board may call general meetings and, on the requisition of members pursuant to the provisions of the Acts, shall forthwith convene a general meeting. General meetings may be held as a physical general meeting or as a general meeting held by a combination of physical and electronic means whenever and at such times and places (including by way of electronic platform or platforms) as the Board thinks fit. If there are not sufficient Directors capable of acting to call a general meeting, any Director may call a general meeting. If there is no Director able to act, any two members may call a general meeting for the purpose of appointing Directors.

54.2 The Board may resolve to postpone any general meeting or move the place or places (including the electronic platform, if relevant) of such meeting before the date on which it is to be held, except where the postponement or move would be contrary to the Acts. The Directors may give notice of a postponement or move as they think fit but any failure to give notice of a postponement or move does not invalidate the postponement or move or any resolution passed at a postponed or moved meeting. Notice of the business of a postponed or moved meeting does not need to be given again. If a meeting is postponed or moved, the appointment of a proxy for that meeting is valid if it is done

in accordance with these Articles and received not less than 48 hours before the commencement of the postponed or moved meeting to which it relates. The Directors can also postpone or move a postponed or moved meeting under this Article.

NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS

55. Length of notice

Unless consent to short notice is obtained in accordance with the provisions of the Act, an annual general meeting shall be called by at least 21 clear days' notice. Every other general meeting shall, subject to the provisions of the Act, be called by at least 14 clear days' notice. Subject to the provisions of these Articles and to any restrictions imposed on any shares, every notice of meeting shall be given to all the members, all other persons who are at the date of the notice entitled to receive notices from the Company and to the Directors and Auditors.

56. Contents of notice

56.1 Every notice of meeting shall specify the place, the day and the time of the meeting and the general nature of the business to be transacted and, in the case of an annual general meeting, shall specify the meeting as such. Every notice calling a meeting for the passing of a special resolution shall specify the intention to propose the resolution as a special resolution and the terms of the resolution. Every notice of meeting shall state with reasonable prominence that a member entitled to attend and vote is entitled to appoint one or more proxies to attend and vote ~~instead of him~~ in their place and that a proxy need not be a member.

56.2 In addition, if pursuant to Article 54 and Article 58A the Board determines that a general meeting shall be held partly by electronic means using an electronic platform or platforms, the notice shall:

56.2.1 include a statement to that effect;

56.2.2 specify the means of attendance and participation at the general meeting, and any access, identification and security arrangements determined pursuant to Article 61; and

56.2.3 state how it is proposed that persons attending or participating in the meeting by electronic means should communicate with each other during the meeting.

57. Omission or non receipt of notice

The accidental failure to give notice of a meeting, or a resolution intended to be moved at a general meeting or to send an instrument of proxy or invitation to appoint a proxy as provided by these Articles, to any one or more persons entitled to receive the same, or the non-receipt of a notice of meeting or resolution or instrument of proxy or invitation to appoint a proxy by such persons, shall be disregarded for the purpose of determining whether notice of the meeting or of any resolution to be moved at the general meeting is duly given.

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

58. Ordinary Business

Ordinary business shall mean and include only business transacted at an annual general meeting of the following classes, that is to say:-

58.1 declaring dividends;

58.2 receiving and considering the annual accounts of the Company, the reports of the Directors and the Auditors and other documents required by law to be attached or annexed thereto or to be comprised therein;

- 58.3 appointing the Auditors (except when special notice of the resolution for such appointment is required by the ~~Statutes~~Acts) and fixing the remuneration of the Auditors or determining the manner in which such remuneration is to be fixed;
- 58.4 appointing or re-appointing directors to fill vacancies arising at the meeting either on retirement by rotation or under Article 93 or otherwise; and
- 58.5 the voting of fees to the Directors.

58A. Electronic Meetings

58A.1. Without prejudice to Article 65, the Board may resolve to enable persons entitled to attend and participate in a general meeting to do so partly (but not wholly) by simultaneous attendance and participation by electronic means and may determine the means of attendance and participation used in relation to the general meeting. The members present in person or by proxy by electronic means (as so determined by the Board) shall be counted in the quorum for, and entitled to vote at, the general meeting in question, and that meeting shall be duly constituted and its proceedings valid if the chair of the general meeting is satisfied that adequate facilities are available throughout the general meeting to ensure that members attending and participating in the general meeting by all means (including by electronic means) are able to attend and speak and vote at it. Nothing in these Articles prevents a general meeting being held both physically and electronically. Nothing in these Articles authorises or allows a general meeting to be held exclusively by electronic means.

58A.2. For the purposes of this Article, the right of a member to participate in the business of any general meeting shall include without limitation the right to speak, vote, including on a poll, be represented by a proxy and have access (including electronic access) to all documents which are required by the Acts or these Articles to be made available the meeting.

58A.3. All persons seeking to attend and participate in a general meeting by electronic means by way of any electronic platform or platforms shall be responsible for maintaining adequate facilities to enable them to do so. Subject only to the requirement for the chair to adjourn a general meeting in accordance with the provisions of Article 64.2, any inability of a person or persons to attend or participate in a general meeting by way of electronic platform or platforms shall not invalidate the proceedings of that meeting.

59. **Quorum**

No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum is present when the meeting proceeds to business. The absence of a quorum shall not preclude the appointment of a ~~chairman~~ chair in accordance with the provisions of these Articles, which shall not be treated as part of the business of the meeting. Two members present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote upon the business to be transacted at the meeting shall be a quorum.

60. **Procedure if quorum not present**

If a quorum is not present within 15 minutes (or such longer time not exceeding one hour as the ~~Chairman~~ chair may decide to wait) from the time appointed for the meeting, the meeting, if convened on the requisition of or by the members shall be dissolved. In any other case, the meeting shall stand adjourned to such time, date and place ~~as the directors~~ (including partly but not wholly by means of electronic platform or platforms) as the Directors may, subject to the provisions of the Acts, determine. If at the adjourned meeting a quorum is not present within 15 minutes after the time appointed for the holding of the meeting, the meeting shall be dissolved.

61. **Security arrangements and orderly conduct**

61.1 The Board may make any security arrangements which it considers appropriate relating to the holding of a general meeting of the Company including, without limitation, requirements for evidence of identity to be produced by those attending the meeting, arranging for any person attending a meeting to be searched and for items of personal property which may be taken into a meeting to be restricted. A Director or the Secretary may:-

- 61.1.1 refuse physical or electronic entry to a meeting to any person who refuses to comply with any such arrangements; and
- 61.1.2 eject (whether physically or by electronic means) from a meeting any person who causes the proceedings to become disorderly.

~~62.~~ **Chairman**

61.2 The chair of a general meeting shall take such action as they think fit to promote the orderly conduct of the business of the meeting as laid down in the notice of the meeting and the chair's decision, taken in good faith, on matters of procedure or arising incidentally from the business of the meeting shall be final as shall be their determination as to whether any matter is of such a nature. Where the Directors resolve to enable persons to attend and participate in a meeting by simultaneous attendance and participation by electronic means pursuant to Articles 54 and 58A, the Board or the chair of the meeting may make any arrangement or impose any restriction considered appropriate and proportionate to ensure the identification of those participating in the meeting by electronic means and the security of the electronic communications.

62. **Chair**

~~The chairman~~ The chair (if any) of the Board or in ~~his~~ their absence the deputy ~~chairman~~ chair (if any) shall preside as ~~chairman~~ chair at every general meeting of the Company. If there is no such ~~chairman~~ chair or deputy ~~chairman~~ chair present and willing to act as ~~chairman~~ chair at any meeting within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting the Directors present shall choose one of their number to be ~~chairman~~ chair and, if there is only one Director present and willing to act, ~~he~~ they shall be ~~chairman~~ chair. If no Director is willing to act as ~~chairman~~ chair, or if no Director is present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote shall choose one of their number to be ~~chairman~~ chair of the meeting.

63. **Director's right to attend and speak**

A Director shall be entitled to attend and speak at any general meeting and at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the Company, notwithstanding that ~~he is~~ they are not a member, or not a holder of the class of shares in question.

64. **Adjournment**

64.1 The ~~chairman~~ chair of a meeting at which a quorum is present may, with the consent of the meeting (and shall if so directed by the meeting), adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place and or from such electronic platform or platforms to such other electronic platform or platforms and, if it appears to the ~~chairman~~ chair that it is likely to be impracticable to hold or continue the meeting, because the number of persons attending or wishing to attend cannot be conveniently accommodated in the place appointed for the meeting, or the unruly conduct of persons attending the meeting prevents or is likely to prevent the continuation of the business of the meeting, ~~he~~ or in the circumstances set out in Article 64.2, the chair may adjourn the meeting to another time and place and/or from such electronic platform or platforms to such other electronic platform or platforms without the consent of the meeting. No business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than business which might properly have been transacted at the meeting had the adjournment not taken place. When a meeting is adjourned for 30 days or more (otherwise than due to the absence of a quorum) or without a time and place for the adjourned meeting being fixed, at least seven clear days' notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given in the same manner as in the case of the original meeting. Otherwise it shall not be necessary to give any such notice.

64.2 If it appears to the chair that an electronic platform or platforms or security at any general meeting have become inadequate for the purposes referred to in Article 58A, or are otherwise not sufficient to allow the meeting to be conducted substantially in accordance with the provisions set out in the notice of meeting, then the chair shall, without the consent of the meeting, interrupt or adjourn the general meeting.

65. **Meeting at more than one place**

65.1 A general meeting may be held at more than one place if:-

65.1.1 the notice convening the meeting specifies that it shall be held at more than one place; or

65.1.2 the Board resolves, after the notice convening the meeting has been given, that the meeting shall be held at more than one place (including in accordance with Article 58A); or

65.1.3 it appears to the ~~chairman~~chair of the meeting that the place of the meeting specified in the notice convening the meeting is inadequate to accommodate all persons entitled and wishing to attend.

65.2 A general meeting held at more than one place is duly constituted and its proceedings are valid if (in addition to the other provisions of these Articles relating to general meetings) the ~~chairman~~chair of the meeting is satisfied that there are adequate facilities to enable each person present at each place to participate in the business for which the meeting has been convened, hear and see all persons present who speak, whether by the use of microphones, loudspeakers, audio-visual communications equipment or other electronic platform(s) or otherwise (whether in use when these Articles are adopted or developed subsequently) and have access to all documents which are required by the Acts and these Articles to be made available at the meeting. Each person present at each place in person or by proxy and entitled to vote shall be counted in the quorum for, and shall be entitled to vote at, the meeting. The meeting is deemed to take place at the place at which the ~~chairman~~chair of the meeting is present (the "**Principal Place**").

65.3 The Directors may, for the purpose of facilitating the organisation and administration of any general meeting to which arrangements made under this Article 65 apply, from time to time make arrangements, whether involving the issue of tickets (on a basis intended to offer to all members and proxies entitled to attend the meeting an equal opportunity of being admitted to the Principal Place) or the imposition of some random means of selection or otherwise as they shall in their absolute discretion consider to be appropriate, and may from time to time vary any such arrangements or make new arrangements in their place and the entitlement of any member or proxy to attend the meeting at the Principal Place shall be subject to such arrangements as may be for the time being in force whether stated in the notice of the meeting to apply to that meeting or notified to the members concerned subsequent to the provision of the notice of the meeting.

66. **Amendments to resolutions**

66.1 No amendment or proposed amendment to a resolution shall be considered or voted upon by the members at any general meeting or adjourned general meeting unless:-

66.1.1 in the case of a resolution duly proposed as a special resolution it is a mere clerical amendment to correct a patent error; or

66.1.2 in the case of a resolution duly proposed as an ordinary resolution either the Company shall have received written notice of the amendment or proposed amendment and of the intention of the proposer to attend and propose it at least 48 hours before the time fixed for the general meeting or the ~~chairman~~chair of the meeting in ~~his~~their absolute discretion shall decide that the amendment or amended resolution should be considered and put to the vote.

66.2 With the consent of the ~~chairman~~chair, an amendment may be withdrawn by its proposer before it is put to the vote. If the ~~chairman~~chair of the meeting in good faith rules an amendment to a resolution out of order, the proceedings on the substantive resolution shall not be invalidated by any error in such ruling.

67. Method of voting and demand for a poll

At any general meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless before, or on the declaration of the result of, the show of hands, or on the withdrawal of any other demand for a poll, a poll is demanded by:-

67.1 the ~~chairman~~chair of the meeting; or

67.2 at least five members present in person or by proxy having the right to vote at the meeting; or

67.3 a member or members present in person or by proxy and representing not less than one-tenth of the total voting rights of all the members having the right to vote at the meeting (excluding any voting rights attached to any shares held as treasury shares); or

67.4 a member or members present in person or by proxy holding shares in the Company conferring a right to vote at the meeting, being shares on which an aggregate sum has been paid up equal to not less than one-tenth of the total sum paid up on all the shares conferring that right (excluding any shares conferring a right to vote at the meeting which are held as treasury shares); or

67.5 any member present in person or by proxy in the case of a resolution to confer, vary, revoke or renew authority or approval for an off-market purchase by the Company of its own shares,

and a demand by a person as proxy for a member shall be the same as a demand by the member.

68. Declaration by ~~chairman~~chair

Unless a poll is duly demanded and the demand is not withdrawn, a declaration by the ~~chairman~~chair of the meeting that a resolution has been passed or passed unanimously, or by a particular majority, or lost, or not passed by a particular majority or an entry to that effect in the minutes of the meeting shall be conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against the resolution.

69. Withdrawal of demand for a poll

The demand for a poll may, before the poll is taken, be withdrawn but only with the consent of the ~~chairman~~chair of the meeting and a demand so withdrawn shall not be taken to have invalidated the result of a show of hands declared before the demand was made.

70. Method of taking a poll

A poll shall be taken as the ~~chairman~~chair of the meeting directs and he may appoint scrutineers (who need not be members) and fix a time and place for declaring the result of the poll. The result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded.

71. When poll to be taken

A poll demanded on the election of a ~~chairman~~chair of the meeting or on a question of adjournment shall be taken forthwith. A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken either forthwith or at such time and place as the ~~chairman~~chair directs not being more than 30 days after the poll is demanded. The demand for a poll (other than on the election of a ~~chairman~~chair of the meeting or on a question of adjournment) shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which the poll has been demanded. If a poll is demanded before the declaration of the result of a show of hands and the demand is duly withdrawn, the meeting shall continue as if the demand had not been made.

~~72. Chairman's casting vote~~

72. Not used

~~In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the chairman of the meeting at which the show of hands takes place or at which the poll is demanded shall be entitled to a second or casting vote.~~

73. **Notice of a poll**

No notice need be given of a poll not taken forthwith if the time and place at which it is to be taken are announced at the meeting at which it is demanded. In any other case at least seven clear days' notice shall be given specifying the time and place at which the poll is to be taken.

VOTES OF MEMBERS

74. **Votes of members**

74.1 Subject to any rights or restrictions attached to shares, and to Article 74.3 on a vote on a resolution on a show of hands at a meeting, every Member present, and every proxy present who has been duly appointed by one or more members entitled to vote on the resolution, has one vote.

74.2 In case of a poll every member present in person or by proxy shall (subject as hereinafter provided) have twenty votes for every Preference Share and one vote for every ordinary or other share in the capital of the Company held ~~by him~~. Provided that the holders of the Preference Shares shall not be entitled to receive notice of, or to attend and vote at any general meeting by virtue of or in respect of their holdings of Preference Shares unless:-

74.2.1 the fixed cumulative preferential dividend thereon is, at the date of the notice convening the meeting, in arrears for six months and remains unpaid and so that for this purpose such dividend shall be deemed to be payable by equal half-yearly instalments on the 30th day of June and the 31st day of December each year; or

74.2.2 a resolution is to be proposed at the meeting varying or abrogating any of the special rights or privileges attached to the Preference Shares, or for winding-up the Company.

74.3 Subject to any rights or restrictions attached to shares, on a vote on a resolution on a show of hands at a meeting, a proxy has one vote for and one vote against the resolution if:

74.3.1 the proxy has been duly appointed by more than one member entitled to vote on the resolution; and

74.3.2 the proxy has been instructed by one or more of those members to vote for the resolution and by one or more other of those members to vote against it.

75. **Joint holders**

In the case of joint holders the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders; and for this purpose seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names of the holders stand in the Register in respect of the joint holding.

76. **Votes on behalf of incapable members**

A member in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction (whether in the United Kingdom or elsewhere) in matters concerning mental disorder may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, and otherwise exercise all ~~his~~ their rights as a member by ~~his~~ their receiver or other person authorised in that behalf appointed by that court, and any such receiver or other person may, on a poll, vote by proxy. Evidence to the satisfaction of the Board of the authority of the person claiming to exercise the right to vote or act shall be deposited at the Office, or at such other place as is specified in accordance with these Articles for the deposit of instruments of proxy, not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the right to vote is to be exercised, or, in the case of a poll, at least 48 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll and in default the right to vote shall not be exercisable.

77. **No right to attend or vote where sums overdue**

Unless the Board otherwise determines, no member shall attend or vote at any general meeting or at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the Company or upon a poll, either in person or by proxy, in respect of any share held ~~by him~~ or exercise any other right or privilege conferred by membership in relation to any such meeting or poll unless all moneys presently payable ~~by him~~ in respect of that share have been paid.

78. **Objections to voters**

No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or adjourned meeting or poll at which the vote objected to is tendered, and every vote not disallowed at the meeting or poll shall be valid. Any objection made in due time shall be referred to the ~~chairman~~ chair of the meeting whose decision shall be final and conclusive.

79. **No obligation to verify proxy voting in accordance with instructions**

The Company is not obliged to verify whether a proxy or corporate representative has voted in accordance with the instructions given by the member by whom the proxy or corporate representative is instructed. Any vote (whether given on a show of hands or on poll) is not invalidated if a proxy or corporate representative does not vote in accordance with their instructions.

PROXIES

80. **Appointment of proxy**

All votes may be given either personally or by proxy. A member may appoint more than one proxy to attend on the same occasion provided that each proxy is appointed to exercise the rights attached to a different share or shares held by that member and a person entitled to more than one vote need not use all ~~his~~ their votes or cast all the votes ~~he uses~~ they use in the same way. A person appointed to act as a proxy need not be a member of the Company.

81. **Form of proxy**

The appointment of a proxy shall be in any common form or in any other form which the Board shall approve and may:-

81.1 be in hard copy form executed by or on behalf of the appointor or, if the appointor is a corporation, under the hand of a duly authorised officer or attorney; or

81.2 where an address has been specified for such purpose as set out in the following Article, be in electronic form, subject to such terms and conditions, including as to execution, as the Board may from time to time prescribe.

82. **Validity of proxies**

In respect of any general meeting the Board may, if it thinks fit, but subject to the Acts, at the Company's expense send instruments of proxy in hard copy form for use at the meeting and issue invitations in electronic form to appoint a proxy in relation to the meeting in such a form as may be approved by the Board. The appointment of a proxy shall be deemed (subject to any contrary intention contained in the appointment) to confer authority to demand or join in demanding a poll and to vote on any resolution or amendment of a resolution put to, or any other business which may properly come before, the meeting for which it is given as the proxy thinks fit. The appointment of a proxy shall, unless the contrary is stated therein, be valid as well for an adjournment of the meeting as for the meeting to which it relates. If a member appoints more than one person to act as ~~his~~their proxy the appointment of each such proxy shall specify the shares held by the member in respect of which each such proxy is authorised to vote and no member may appoint more than one proxy (save in the alternative) to vote in respect of any one share held by that member.

83. **Delivery of proxies**

The appointment of a proxy and (unless the Board otherwise decides) any authority under which it is executed or a copy of such authority certified notarially or in accordance with the Powers of Attorney Act 1971 or in some other way approved by the Board shall:-

83.1 in the case of an instrument in hard copy form and any authority or copy thereof be deposited at the Office or at such other place in the United Kingdom as may be specified in or by way of note to the notice of meeting or any form of proxy or other document accompanying the same not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting or the taking of the poll at which the person named in the appointment proposes to vote;

83.2 in the case of an appointment contained in electronic form be received at the address (if any) specified for the purpose of receiving such appointments in electronic form:

83.2.1 in or by way of note to the notice of meeting;

83.2.2 in any form of proxy sent by or on behalf of the Company in relation to the meeting;

83.2.3 in any invitation contained in electronic form to appoint a proxy issued by or on behalf of the Company in relation to the meeting; or

83.2.4 by means of a relevant system;

not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting or the taking of the poll at which the person named in the appointment proposes to vote;

83.3 in either case, where a poll is taken more than 48 hours after it is demanded, be deposited or received as aforesaid not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll; or

83.4 in the case only of an instrument in hard copy form or any authority or copy thereof, where the poll is not taken forthwith but is taken not more than 48 hours after it was demanded, be delivered at the meeting at which the poll was demanded to the ~~chairman~~chair of the meeting or to the Secretary or any Director;

and an appointment which is not, or in respect of which the authority or copy thereof is not, deposited, received or delivered in a manner so permitted shall be invalid.

84. **Multiple proxies**

Where two or more valid but differing appointments of proxies are deposited or received in respect of the same share for use at the same meeting or poll, the one which is last deposited or received (regardless of its date or the date of its execution) shall be treated as replacing and revoking the other as regards that share; if the Company is unable to determine which was last deposited or received, none of them shall be treated as valid in respect of that share. No appointment of a proxy shall be valid after the expiration of twelve months from the date stated in it as the date of its execution.

85. **Determination of proxy's authority**

A vote given or poll demanded by a proxy or by the duly authorised representative of a corporation shall be valid notwithstanding the previous determination of the authority of the person voting or demanding a poll unless notice of the determination was deposited or received not less than two hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote is given or the poll demanded or (in the case of a poll taken otherwise than at or on the same day as the meeting or adjourned meeting) the time appointed for taking the poll. Such notice of determination shall be by means of instrument deposited at the place, or contained in electronic form received at the address (if any), specified in accordance with these Articles for the deposit or receipt of appointments of a proxy at the meeting in question.

REPRESENTATIVES OF CORPORATIONS

86. **Representatives of corporation**

Subject to the provisions of the Act, any corporation (other than the Company itself) which is a member of the Company may, by resolution of its directors or other governing body, authorise any person or persons it thinks fit to act as its representative or representatives at any meeting of the Company or at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares. The person or persons so authorised shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the corporation which he or they represent as that corporation could exercise if it were an individual member of the Company present in person and shall for the purposes of these Articles be regarded as a member present in person. Such representative or representatives may be required to produce a copy of such resolution certified by a proper officer of such corporation before being permitted to exercise ~~his or~~ their power.

CLASS MEETINGS

87. **Class meetings**

Unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of any class of shares of the Company, all the provisions of these Articles relating to general meetings of the Company or to the proceedings at general meetings shall, mutatis mutandis, apply to every separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares of the Company, except that in the case of a meeting held in connection with the variation or abrogation of the rights attached to the shares of the class:-

- 87.1 the necessary quorum shall be two persons at least holding or representing by proxy at least one-third in nominal amount of the issued shares of the class (excluding any shares of that class held as treasury shares) or, at any adjourned meeting of such holders, the holder or holders of shares of the class who are present in person or by proxy, whatever ~~his or~~ their holdings;
- 87.2 a poll may be demanded by any holder of shares of the class present in person or by proxy; and
- 87.3 the holders of shares of the class shall, on a poll, have one vote in respect of every share of the class held by them respectively.

NUMBER OF DIRECTORS

88. **Number of ~~directors~~Directors**

Unless otherwise determined by ordinary resolution of the Company, the number of Directors shall not be less than three nor more than eight.

APPOINTMENT AND RETIREMENT OF DIRECTORS

89. **Directors to retire at third annual general meeting**

Each Director shall retire from office and shall be eligible for reappointment at the third annual general meeting after the general meeting at which he was appointed or last reappointed. If the Company, at the meeting at which a Director retires under this Article, does not fill the vacancy the retiring Director shall, if willing to act, be deemed to have been reappointed unless at the meeting it is resolved not to fill the vacancy or unless a resolution for the reappointment of the Director is put to the meeting and lost.

90. **Timing of vacation of office**

A Director retiring at a meeting who is not reappointed shall retain office until the meeting appoints someone in ~~his~~their place or, if it does not do so, until the end of the meeting or of any adjournment thereof.

91. **Age of ~~directors~~Directors**

No Director shall vacate or be required to vacate ~~his~~their office as a Director on or by reason of ~~his~~their attaining or having attained the age of 70 or any other age, and any Director retiring or liable to retire under the provisions of these Articles and any person proposed to be appointed a Director shall be capable of being appointed or reappointed notwithstanding that he has attained the age of 70 or any other age and no special notice need be given of any resolution for the appointment or reappointment as a Director of a person who shall have attained the age of 70 or any other age.

92. **Persons eligible as ~~directors~~Directors**

No person other than a Director retiring at the meeting shall be appointed or reappointed a Director at any general meeting unless:-

92.1 ~~he is~~they are recommended by the Board; or

92.2 not less than seven nor more than 21 clear days before the date appointed for the meeting, notice executed by a member qualified to vote at the meeting has been given to the Company of ~~his~~their intention to propose that person for appointment or reappointment stating the particulars which would, if ~~he~~they were so appointed or reappointed, be required to be included in the Company's register of directors together with notice executed by that person confirming ~~his~~their willingness to be appointed or reappointed.

93. **Power of company to appoint ~~directors~~Directors**

Subject to the provisions of these Articles, the Company may by ordinary resolution appoint a person who is willing to act to be a Director either to fill a vacancy or as an additional Director.

94. **Power of Board to appoint ~~directors~~Directors**

The Board may appoint a person who is willing to act to be a Director, either to fill a vacancy or as an additional Director provided that the appointment does not cause the number of Directors to exceed any number fixed by or in accordance with these Articles as the maximum number of Directors. A Director so appointed shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting when he shall retire from office and be eligible for reappointment. If not reappointed at such annual general meeting, he shall vacate office at its conclusion.

DISQUALIFICATION AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

95. Power of removal by special resolution

In addition to any power of removal conferred by the Acts, the Company may by special resolution remove any Director before the expiration of ~~his~~ their period of office. Such removal shall be without prejudice to any claim such Director may have for damages for breach of any contract of service between ~~him~~ them and the Company.

96. Vacation of office

The office of a Director shall be vacated if:-

- 96.1 that person ceases to be a ~~director~~ Director by virtue of any provision of the Act or these Articles or is prohibited from being a ~~director~~ Director by law;
- 96.2 a bankruptcy order is made against that person;
- 96.3 a composition is made with that person's creditors generally in satisfaction of that person's debts;
- 96.4 a registered medical practitioner who is treating that person gives a written opinion to the Company stating that that person has become physically or mentally incapable of acting as a ~~director~~ Director and may remain so for more than three months;
- 96.5 by reason of that person's mental health, a court makes an order which wholly or partly prevents that person from personally exercising any powers or rights which that person would otherwise have;
- 96.6 notification is received by the Company from the director that the ~~director~~ Director is resigning from office, and such resignation has taken effect in accordance with its terms;
- 96.7 ~~he is~~ they are convicted of a criminal offence (other than a motoring offence or series of offences not resulting in disqualification) and the ~~directors~~ Directors resolve that ~~his~~ their office be vacated; or
- 96.8 in the case of a person who is also an employee of the Company ~~he ceases~~, they cease to be such an employee; or
- 96.9 ~~he~~ they shall for more than six consecutive months have been absent without permission of the ~~directors~~ Directors from meetings of ~~directors~~ Directors held during that period and the ~~directors~~ Directors resolve that ~~his~~ their office be vacated; or
- 96.10 all the other ~~directors~~ Directors unanimously resolve that ~~his~~ their office be vacated.

ALTERNATE DIRECTORS

97. Appointment of ~~alternate directors~~ Alternate Directors

Any Director may appoint any other Director, or any other person approved by resolution of the Board and willing to act, to be an Alternate Director and may remove from office an Alternate Director so appointed ~~by him~~.

98. Termination of appointment

The appointment of an Alternate Director shall automatically determine in any of the following events:-

- 98.1 if ~~his~~ their appointor terminates the appointment;
- 98.2 on the happening of any event which, if ~~he~~ they were a Director, would cause ~~him~~ them to vacate the office of Director;

- 98.3 if ~~he resigns his~~ they resign their appointment by notice to the Company;
- 98.4 if his-~~their~~ appointor ceases for any reason to be a Director otherwise than by retiring and being reappointed or deemed to be reappointed at the meeting at which ~~he retires~~ they retire; or
- 98.5 if ~~he is~~ they are not a Director and the Board revokes its approval of ~~him~~ them by resolution.

99. **Effect of appointment**

An Alternate Director shall (subject to his-~~their~~ giving to the Company an address within the United Kingdom at which notices may be served upon ~~him~~ them) be entitled at his-~~their~~ appointor's request to receive notice of all meetings of the Board and of all meetings of committees of the Board of which his-~~their~~ appointor is a member, to attend and vote and (save as provided in these Articles) be counted in the quorum at any such meeting at which the Director appointing ~~him~~ them is not personally present, and generally to perform all the functions of his-~~their~~ appointor as a Director in ~~his~~ their absence.

100. **Expenses and remuneration**

An Alternate Director may be repaid by the Company such expenses as might properly have been repaid to ~~him if he~~ them if they had been a Director and in respect of his-~~their~~ office of Alternate Director may receive such remuneration from the Company as the Board may determine. An Alternate Director shall be entitled to be indemnified by the Company to the same extent as if ~~he~~ they were a Director.

101. **Alternate ~~director~~ Director to be officer**

An Alternate Director shall, during his-~~their~~ appointment, be an officer of the Company and shall alone be responsible for his-~~their~~ own acts and defaults and ~~he~~ they shall not be deemed to be the agent of the Director appointing ~~him~~ them.

102. **Method of appointment and removal**

Any appointment or removal of an Alternate Director shall be in writing signed by the Director making or revoking the appointment or in any other manner approved by the Board and shall take effect (subject to any approval required by these Articles) upon receipt of such written appointment or removal at the Office or by the Secretary or at an address specified by the Company for the purpose of communication by electronic means.

103. **Appointee acting in more than one capacity**

A Director or any other person may act as Alternate Director to represent more than one Director and an Alternate Director shall be entitled at meetings of the Board or any committee of the Board to one vote for every Director ~~whom he represents~~ represented in addition to his-~~their~~ own vote (if any) as a Director.

POWERS OF DIRECTORS

104. **General powers of company vested in Board**

Subject to the provisions of the Acts and these Articles and to any directions given by special resolution, the business of the Company shall be managed by the Board which may exercise all the powers of the Company. No alteration of these Articles and no such direction shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if that alteration had not been made or that direction had not been given. The powers given by this Article shall not be limited by any special power given to the Board by these Articles and a duly convened meeting of the Board at which a quorum is present may exercise all powers exercisable by the Board.

105. **Local board**

The Board may make such arrangements as the Board thinks fit for the management and transaction of the Company's affairs and may for that purpose appoint local boards, managers and agents and delegate to them any of the powers of the Board with power to sub-delegate.

106. **Appointment of attorneys and agents**

The Board may from time to time, by power of attorney executed by the Company or otherwise, appoint any company, firm or person, or any fluctuating body of persons, whether nominated directly or indirectly by the Board, to be the attorney or agent of the Company for such purposes and with such powers, authorities and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Board under these Articles) and for such period and subject to such conditions as it may think fit. Any such power of attorney or other authority may contain such provisions for the protection and convenience of persons dealing with any such attorney or agent as the Board may think fit and may also authorise any such attorney or agent to sub-delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in ~~him~~the attorney or agent.

DELEGATION OF DIRECTORS' POWERS

107. **Delegation of ~~directors~~Directors' powers**

The Board may delegate any of its powers, authorities and discretions (including, without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, all powers, authorities and discretions whose exercise involves or may involve agreement of the terms of service or termination of employment or appointment of or the payment of remuneration to or the conferring of any other benefit on all or any of the Directors) to any committee consisting of one or more Directors together with any other person or persons approved by the Board, with power to sub-delegate. Any such delegation may be made subject to any conditions the Board may impose, and either collaterally with or to the exclusion of its own powers and may be revoked or altered. Subject to any such conditions, the proceedings of a committee with two or more members shall be governed by the provisions of these Articles regulating the proceedings of the Board so far as they are capable of applying. Insofar as any power, authority or discretion is delegated to a committee, any reference in these Articles to the exercise by the Board of such power, authority or discretion shall be read and construed as if it were a reference to the exercise of such power, authority or discretion by such committee. Every such committee shall have as a majority of its membership persons who are Directors and no resolution of any such committee shall be effective unless the majority of the persons present (in person or by their Alternate Directors) at the meeting at which it is passed are Directors.

BORROWING POWERS

108. **Borrowing powers**

108.1 Subject to the provisions of Article 108.2 the Directors may exercise all the powers of the Company to borrow or raise money and to mortgage or charge its undertaking, property, assets and uncalled capital or any part thereof, and to issue debentures and other securities, whether outright or as collateral security for any debt, liability or obligation of the Company or its holding company (if any) or any subsidiary of the Company or its holding company or of any third party.

108.2 The Directors shall restrict the borrowings of the Company and exercise all voting and other rights or powers of control exercisable by the Company in relation to its subsidiaries (if any) so as to secure (as regards subsidiaries so far as by such exercise they can secure) that the aggregate amount for the time being remaining undischarged of all moneys borrowed by the Group (which expression in this Article and Article 108.4 means and includes the Company and all its subsidiaries for the time being) and for the time being owing to persons outside the Group shall not without the previous sanction of an ordinary resolution of the Company exceed an amount equal to 3 times the Adjusted Capital and Reserves as hereinafter defined. The certificate of the Auditors for the time being as to the amount of the Adjusted Capital and Reserves at any time shall be conclusive and binding upon all concerned.

108.3 No person dealing with the Company or any of its subsidiaries shall by reason of the provisions of Article 108.2 be concerned to see or inquire whether the limit referred to therein is observed, and no debt incurred or security given in excess of such limit shall be invalid or ineffectual unless the lender or the recipient of the security had at the time when the debt was incurred or the security was given express notice that the limit hereby imposed had been or would thereby be exceeded.

108.4 For the purposes of Article 108.2:-

108.4.1 there shall be deemed, subject as hereinafter provided, to have been borrowed and to be outstanding as borrowed moneys of the relevant member of the Group (to the extent that the same would not otherwise fall to be taken into account):-

- (a) the principal amount of all debentures of any member of the Group which are not for the time being beneficially owned within the Group;
- (b) the outstanding amount of the acceptances (not being acceptance of trade bills in respect of the purchase or sale of goods in the ordinary course of trading) by any member of the Group or by any bank or accepting house under any acceptance credit opened on behalf of and in favour of any member of the Group;
- (c) the nominal amount of any issued and paid up share capital (other than equity share capital) of any subsidiary of the Company not for the time being beneficially owned by other members of the Group;
- (d) the nominal amount of any other issued and paid up share capital and the principal amount of any other debentures or other borrowed moneys (not being shares or debentures which, or borrowed moneys the indebtedness in respect of which, is for the time being beneficially owned within the Group) the redemption or repayment whereof is guaranteed or wholly or partly secured by any member of the Group; and
- (e) any fixed or minimum premium payable on final redemption or repayment of any debentures, share capital or other borrowed moneys falling to be taken into account;

108.4.2 moneys borrowed by any member of the Group for the purpose of repaying or redeeming (with or without premium) in whole or in part any other borrowed moneys falling to be taken into account and intended to be applied for such purpose within six months after the borrowing thereof shall not during such period, except to the extent so applied, themselves be taken into account;

108.4.3 any amounts borrowed by any member of the Group from bankers or others for the purpose of financing any contract up to an amount not exceeding that part of the price receivable under such contract which is guaranteed or insured by the Export Credits Guarantee Department of the Department of Trade and Industry or by any other governmental department or non-governmental successor fulfilling a similar function or other like institution carrying on a similar business shall be deemed not to be borrowed moneys;

108.4.4 moneys borrowed which are for the time being deposited with HM Customs and Excise or other body designated by any relevant legislation or order in connection with import deposits or any similar governmental scheme shall be deemed not to be borrowed moneys;

108.4.5 moneys borrowed by a partly-owned subsidiary and not owing to another member of the Group shall be taken into account subject to the exclusion of a proportion thereof equal to the minority proportion and moneys borrowed and owing to a partly-owned subsidiary by another member of the Group shall be taken into account to the extent of a proportion thereof equal to the minority proportion and for the purposes aforesaid "minority

proportion" shall mean the proportion of the issued equity share capital of the partly-owned subsidiary which is not attributable to the Company;

- 108.4.6 moneys borrowed by a company at the time it becomes a subsidiary of the Company shall for a period of six months from the date of its becoming a subsidiary be deemed not to be borrowed moneys;
- 108.4.7 borrowed moneys of any member of the Group expressed in or calculated by reference to a currency other than sterling shall be converted for the purpose of calculating the sterling equivalent either:-
- (a) at the rate of exchange specified in a forward purchase contract, currency option, back-to-back loan, swap or other arrangement taken out or entered into to reduce the risk associated with fluctuations in rates of exchange in respect of repayment of those moneys (a "hedging agreement"); or
 - (b) if repayment of those moneys has not been covered by a hedging agreement, at the more favourable to the Company of:-
 - (i) the rate of exchange used for the conversion of that currency in the relevant balance sheet, or
 - (ii) if no rate was used, the middle-market rate of exchange quoted by National Westminster Bank PLC at the close of business in London on the date of the relevant balance sheet, or
 - (iii) if it would result in a lower figure the middle-market rate of exchange quoted by National Westminster Bank PLC at the close of business in London on the business day immediately preceding the day on which the calculation falls to be made;
- 108.4.8 the expression "Adjusted Capital and Reserves" shall mean at any material time a sum equal to the aggregate of:-
- (a) the amount paid up or credited as paid up (excluding any premium) on the issued share capital of the Company; and
 - (b) the aggregate amount standing to the credit of the consolidated capital and revenue reserves of the Company and its subsidiaries whether distributable or undistributable (including, without limitation, any share premium account, capital redemption reserve, property revaluation reserve and profit and loss account) all as shown by the then latest audited accounts of those companies but after:-
 - (i) excluding any sums set aside for taxation (including deferred taxation);
 - (ii) making such adjustments as may be appropriate in respect of any variation in the amount of such paid up share capital or any such reserves subsequent to the relevant balance sheet date, and so that for this purpose share capital allotted or unconditionally agreed to be allotted shall be deemed to have been issued and share capital already called up or payable at any fixed future date within the following six months shall be treated as already paid up and if any issue or proposed issue of shares by the Company for cash has been underwritten then such shares shall be deemed to have been issued and the amount (including any premium) of the subscription moneys payable in respect thereof (not being moneys payable later than six months after the date of allotment) shall, to the extent so underwritten, be deemed to have been paid up on the date when the issue of such shares was underwritten (or, if such underwriting was conditional, on the date when it became unconditional);

- (iii) making such adjustments as may be appropriate in respect of any distributions declared, recommended or made by the Company or its subsidiaries (otherwise than attributable directly or indirectly to the Company) out of profits earned up to and including the date of the latest audited balance sheet of the Company or subsidiary (as the case may be) to the extent that such distribution is not provided for in such balance sheet;
- (iv) making such adjustments as may be appropriate in respect of any variation in the interests of the Company in its subsidiaries since the date of the latest audited balance sheet of the Company;
- (v) if the calculation is required for the purposes of or in connection with a transaction under or in connection with which any company is to become or cease to be a subsidiary, making all such adjustments as would be appropriate if such transaction had been carried into effect;
- (vi) excluding minority interests in subsidiaries;
- (vii) eliminating all amounts (if any) attributable to goodwill or otherwise attributable to intangible assets shown as such on consolidation;
- (viii) excluding such part of the interests of the Company or a subsidiary in an Associated Company (as defined below), not being a subsidiary, as shall be attributable to any post-acquisition undistributed profits and reserves but including such interests at original cost or, if lower, book value; and
- (ix) after making such other adjustments (if any) as the Auditors may consider appropriate.
- (x) For the purpose of the above definition "Associated Company" means any company or partnership which shall be treated by the Auditors as an associated company or partnership for the purpose of any Statement of Standard Accounting Practice for the time being in issue relating to accounting for the results of associated companies published by the Accounting Standards Board or other relevant regulatory body.

108.4.9 The Directors shall be deemed not to be in breach of the provisions of Article 108.2 by reason of the borrowing restriction being exceeded immediately after and as a result of any new audited consolidated balance sheet being laid before the members in general meeting when immediately prior to such general meeting the borrowing restriction had not been exceeded by reference to the immediately preceding audited consolidated balance sheet but in such circumstances the Directors shall ensure that by not later than six months after the date of such general meeting the Company has sanctioned such excess borrowing by ordinary resolution or the aggregate amount of borrowed moneys remaining outstanding has been reduced to an amount not exceeding the borrowing restriction.

108.4.10 Notwithstanding any other provision of this Article 108.4 the Directors may act in reliance on a bona fide estimate of the amount of the Adjusted Capital and Reserves at any time and if in consequence the limit imposed by this Article is inadvertently exceeded an amount of borrowings equal to the excess may be disregarded until the expiration of six months after the date on which, by reason of a determination of the Auditors or otherwise, the Directors become aware that the said limit has been inadvertently exceeded as aforesaid.

108.5 For the purposes of this Article:-

108.5.1 **"adjusted share capital and reserves"** means the aggregate of the amount paid up or credited as paid up on the allotted or issued share capital of the Company and the amount standing to the credit of each of the consolidated capital and revenue reserves (including any share premium account, capital redemption reserve, revaluation reserve and profit and loss account but net of any debit balance on profit and loss account) of the Group all as shown in the latest audited consolidated balance sheet of the Group but adjusted as may be necessary:-

- (a) to take account of any variation in the paid up share capital, share premium account or capital redemption reserve of the Company since the date of that balance sheet and so that for this purpose if any issue or proposed issue of shares by the Company for cash has been underwritten (whether conditionally or not) then such shares shall be deemed to have been issued and the amount (including any premium) of the subscription money shall to the extent so underwritten be deemed to have been paid up on the date when the issue was underwritten;
- (b) to take account in the case of Subsidiary Undertakings of the interests of participants outside the Group (if any) and any variation in the interest of the Company in any Subsidiary Undertaking between the date of the balance sheet and the date for which the calculation falls to be made; and
- (c) to take account of any other factor which the Directors or the Auditors consider relevant;

108.5.2 **"money borrowed"** shall include:-

- (a) the nominal amount and any fixed or minimum premium payable on redemption or repayment of any debentures or loan capital issued by any member of the Group;
- (b) the nominal amount of any issued share capital and the principal amount of any money borrowed the redemption or repayment of which is guaranteed or secured or the subject of an indemnity by the Company or any Subsidiary Undertaking (together in each case with any fixed or minimum premium payable on final redemption or repayment) except so far as such money borrowed is otherwise taken into account as money borrowed by the Company or a Subsidiary Undertaking,

but the following shall be disregarded:-

- (c) money borrowed by a member of the Group from another member of the Group, other than amounts to be taken into account under Article 108.5.2(e);
- (d) any money borrowed intended to be applied within four months of being borrowed in the repayment of any money previously borrowed pending its application for such purpose within such period; and
- (e) that proportion of the total money borrowed by any partly-owned Subsidiary Undertaking which its issued equity share capital not for the time being beneficially owned directly or indirectly by the Company bears to the whole of its issued equity share capital but a like proportion of any borrowings from such partly-owned Subsidiary Undertaking by the Company or any other Subsidiary Undertaking shall fall to be treated as borrowings of the Company or such other Subsidiary Undertaking notwithstanding the same would not otherwise be taken into account.

108.6 For the purposes of calculating the amount of money borrowed under this Article there shall be credited (subject, in the case of any item held or deposited by a partly-owned Subsidiary

Undertaking, to the exclusion of a proportion thereof equal to the proportion of the issued equity share capital of the partly-owned Subsidiary Undertaking which is not directly or indirectly attributable to the Company) against the gross amount of money borrowed the aggregate of:-

- 108.6.1 cash in hand of the Group;
 - 108.6.2 the realisable value of certificates of deposit and securities of governments and companies owned by a member of the Group; and
 - 108.6.3 cash deposits and the credit balance on each current account of the Group with banks in the United Kingdom or elsewhere if the remittance of the cash to the United Kingdom is not prohibited by any law, regulation, treaty or official directive; however, if the remittance of such cash is prohibited it shall nonetheless be deducted from amounts borrowed but only to the extent that it may be set-off against or act as security for such amounts.
- 108.7 No person dealing with the Company or any Subsidiary Undertakings shall by reason of the foregoing provisions be concerned to see or enquire whether this limit is observed and no debt incurred or security given in excess of such limit shall be invalid or ineffectual.
- 108.8 A report by the Auditors stating what is in their opinion, based on their examination of the accounting records of the Group or such other evidence as they may think appropriate, the amount of the adjusted share capital and reserves or the amount of money borrowed or to the effect that the limit imposed by this Article was not or will not be exceeded at any time or times shall be conclusive evidence of such amount or fact for the purposes of this Article.

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

109. **Appointment to executive offices**

Subject to the provisions of the Acts, the Board may:-

- 109.1 appoint one or more of its body to the office of managing director or chief executive or to any other executive office (except that of auditor) of the Company and may enter into an agreement or arrangement with any Director for ~~his-their~~ employment by the Company or any Subsidiary Undertaking or for the provision by ~~him-them~~ of any services outside the scope of the ordinary duties of a Director. Any such appointment, agreement or arrangement may be made upon such terms as the Board determines and it may remunerate any such Director for ~~his-their~~ services as it thinks fit; and
- 109.2 permit any person appointed to be a Director to continue in any other office or employment held by ~~him-them~~ with the Company or any Subsidiary Undertaking before ~~he-was~~ they were so appointed.

110. **Managing director/Chief executive to be a ~~director~~Director**

Any appointment of a Director to the office of managing director or chief executive shall terminate if ~~he ceases~~ they cease to be a Director but without prejudice to any claim for damages for breach of contract of service between the Director and the Company and ~~he-the Director~~ shall not (unless any agreement between ~~him-the Director~~ and the Company shall otherwise provide) cease to hold ~~his~~ office as Director by reason only of ~~his~~ ceasing to be managing director or chief executive.

111. **Other executive office not linked to ~~directorship~~Directorship**

Save as provided in the foregoing Article, an Executive Director shall not (unless any agreement between ~~him-the Executive Director~~ and the Company shall otherwise provide) cease to hold ~~his~~ office or employment with the Company by reason only of ~~his~~ ceasing to be a Director nor cease to be a Director if ~~he ceases~~ they cease from any cause to hold the office or employment by virtue of which ~~he-is~~ they are termed an Executive Director.

112. **Emoluments of ~~executive directors~~Executive Directors**

The emoluments and benefits of any Executive Director for ~~his~~ their services as such shall be determined by the Board and may be of any description, and (without limiting the generality of the foregoing) may include membership of any scheme or fund instituted or established or financed or contributed to by the Company for the provision of pensions, life assurance or other benefits for employees or their dependants or, apart from membership of any such scheme or fund, the payment of a pension or other benefits to ~~him or his~~ the Executive Director or their dependants on or after retirement or death.

113. **Delegation to ~~executive directors~~Executive Directors**

The Board may delegate or entrust to and confer upon any Executive Director any of the powers, authorities and discretions exercisable by it (with power to sub-delegate) upon such terms and conditions and with such restrictions as it thinks fit and either collaterally with or to the exclusion of its own powers and may from time to time revoke, withdraw or vary all or any part of such powers.

ASSOCIATE DIRECTORS

114. **Associate directors**

The Board may at any time and from time to time appoint any person to be an associate director having such title, including the word "director", as the Board may decide and may at any time remove any person so appointed. A person so appointed shall not be a Director of the Company and shall not be a member of the Board. Subject as aforesaid, the Board may define and limit the powers and duties of any associate director and may determine ~~his~~ their remuneration which may be in addition to any other remuneration receivable by ~~him~~ them from the Company or any Subsidiary Undertaking.

REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS

115. **Directors' fees**

The ordinary remuneration of the Directors (other than any Executive Directors appointed under these Articles) shall be such amount as the Directors shall from time to time determine provided that, unless otherwise approved by the Company in general meeting, the aggregate of the ordinary remuneration of such Directors shall not exceed ~~£200,000~~ £500,000 per year. The ordinary remuneration shall be divided among such Directors in such manner as the Directors may determine. A Director holding office for part only of a year shall be entitled to a proportionate part of a full year's remuneration.

116. **Extra remuneration**

Any Director who serves on any committee of the Board or, by request of the Board, performs special services or goes or resides abroad for any purposes of the Company may be paid such extra remuneration by way of salary, percentage of profits or otherwise as the Board may determine.

DIRECTORS' EXPENSES

117. **Directors' expenses**

The Directors may be paid all travelling, hotel and other expenses as they may incur in connection with their attendance at meetings of the Board or of committees of the Board or general meetings or separate meetings of the holders of any class of shares or debentures of the Company or otherwise in connection with the discharge of their duties.

DIRECTORS' GRATUITIES AND PENSIONS

118. Directors' gratuities and pensions

The Board may provide benefits, whether by the payment of gratuities or pensions or by insurance or otherwise, for any Director who has held but no longer holds any executive office or employment with the Company or with any body corporate which is or has been a Subsidiary Undertaking or a predecessor in business of the Company or of any Subsidiary Undertaking, and for any member of ~~his~~ their family (including a spouse and a former spouse) or any person who is or was dependent on ~~him~~ them and may (as well before as after ~~he ceases~~ they cease to hold such office or employment) contribute to any fund and pay premiums for the purchase or provision of any such benefit.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

119. Interests in proposed transactions to be disclosed

A Director who is in any way, directly or indirectly, interested in a proposed transaction or arrangement with the Company must declare, in accordance with the Act, the nature and extent of ~~his~~ their interest to the other Directors.

120. Interests in actual transactions to be disclosed

A Director who is in any way, directly or indirectly, interested in a transaction or arrangement that has been entered into by the Company must declare, in accordance with the Act, the nature and extent of ~~his~~ their interest to the other Directors unless the interest has been declared under Article 119 above.

121. Issues relating to declarations of interests

For the purposes of Articles 119 and 120:-

- 121.1 the declaration of interest must be made at a meeting of the Directors or by notice in writing to the Directors in accordance with section 184 of the Act or by general notice in accordance with section 185 of the Act;
- 121.2 if the declaration proves to be or becomes inaccurate or incomplete, a further declaration must be made;
- 121.3 a declaration in respect of a proposed transaction or arrangement must be made before the company enters into the transaction or arrangement;
- 121.4 a declaration in respect of an existing transaction or arrangement must be made as soon as is reasonably practicable;
- 121.5 a declaration of an interest of which the ~~director~~ Director is not aware or where the ~~director~~ Director is not aware of the transaction or arrangement in question is not required; and
- 121.6 an interest of a person who is connected with a Director shall be treated as an interest of the Director.

122. When a declaration is not required

A Director need not declare an interest under Articles 119 and 120:-

- 122.1 if it cannot reasonably be regarded as likely to give rise to a conflict of interest;
- 122.2 if, or to the extent that, the other Directors are already aware of it (and for this purpose the other Directors are treated as aware of anything of which they ought reasonably to be aware); or

122.3 if, or to the extent that, it concerns terms of ~~his~~that Director's service contract that have been or are to be considered:-

122.3.1 by a meeting of the Directors; or

122.3.2 by a committee of the Directors appointed for the purpose under the Articles.

123. **Permitted interests**

Subject to the provisions of the Act, and provided that ~~he has~~they have disclosed to the Board the nature and extent of any interest ~~of his~~ in accordance with Articles 119 and 120, a Director notwithstanding ~~his~~their office:-

123.1 may be a party to, or otherwise interested in, any transaction or arrangement with the Company or in which the Company is otherwise interested;

123.2 may be a director or other officer of, or employed by, or a member of, or a party to any transaction or arrangement with, or otherwise interested in, any body corporate promoted by the Company or in which the Company is otherwise interested (including in any Subsidiary Undertaking or any holding company of the Company or subsidiary undertaking of that holding company); and

123.3 shall not, by reason of ~~his~~their office, be accountable to the Company for any benefit which ~~he derives~~they derive from any such office or employment or from any such transaction or arrangement or from any interest in any such body corporate and no such transaction or arrangement shall be liable to be avoided on the ground of any such interest or benefit.

124. **Director may act in a professional capacity**

Any Director may act by ~~himself or his~~themselves or their firm in a professional capacity for the Company (otherwise than as auditor) and ~~he or his~~such a Director or their firm shall be entitled to remuneration for professional services as if ~~he~~they were not a Director.

125. **Voting on matters where a ~~director~~Director is interested**

In the case of interests arising under Article 119 or 120, save as otherwise provided in these Articles, a Director shall not vote at a meeting of the Board or of a committee of the Board on any resolution concerning a matter in which ~~he has~~they have, directly or indirectly, an interest which is material (otherwise than by virtue of ~~his~~an interest in shares, debentures or other securities of, or otherwise in or through, the Company) unless ~~his~~that interest or duty arises only because the case falls within one or more of the following paragraphs:-

125.1 the resolution relates to the giving to ~~him~~the Director or a person connected with ~~him~~the Director of a guarantee, security or indemnity in respect of money lent to, or an obligation incurred by ~~him or such~~the Director or a person connected with the Director at the request of or for the benefit of, the Company or any Subsidiary Undertaking;

125.2 the resolution relates to the giving to a third party of a guarantee, security or indemnity in respect of a debt or obligation of the Company or any Subsidiary Undertaking for which the Director or a person connected with ~~him~~the Director has assumed responsibility in whole or part and whether alone or jointly with others under a guarantee or indemnity or by the giving of security;

125.3 ~~his~~the interest arises by virtue of ~~him~~the Director or a person connected with ~~him~~the Director subscribing or agreeing to subscribe for any shares, debentures or other securities of the Company or any Subsidiary Undertaking or by virtue of ~~him~~the Director or a person connected with ~~him~~the Director being, or intending to become, a participant in the underwriting or sub-underwriting of an offer of any such shares, debentures, or other securities by the Company or any Subsidiary Undertaking for subscription, purchase or exchange;

125.4 the resolution relates in any way to any other company in which ~~he~~the Director is interested, directly or indirectly and whether as an officer or shareholder or otherwise howsoever, provided that ~~he~~the Director and any persons connected with ~~him~~the Director do not ~~to his~~, to the

Director's knowledge——hold an interest in shares (as that term is used in Part 22 of the Act) representing one per cent or more of any class of the equity share capital of such company or of the voting rights available to members of such company (excluding any shares in the company held as treasury shares and any voting rights attached thereto);

125.5 the resolution relates in any way to an arrangement in whole or in part for the benefit of the employees of the Company or any Subsidiary Undertakings which does not award ~~him~~ the Director as such any privilege or advantage not generally awarded to the employees to whom such arrangement relates;

125.6 the resolution relates in any way to the purchase or maintenance for the Directors of insurance against any liability which by virtue of any rule of law would otherwise attach to all or any of them in respect of any negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the Company or any Subsidiary Undertaking.

126. **Quorum when a ~~director~~ Director is not entitled to vote**

A Director shall not be counted in the quorum present at a meeting in relation to a resolution on which ~~he is~~ they are not entitled to vote.

127. **Proposals may be considered separately**

Where proposals are under consideration concerning the appointment (including fixing or varying the terms of appointment) of two or more Directors to offices or employments with the Company or a body corporate in which the Company is interested the proposals may be divided and considered in relation to each Director separately and (provided ~~he is~~ they are not for another reason precluded from voting) each of the Directors concerned shall be entitled to vote and be counted in the quorum in respect of each resolution except that concerning ~~his~~ a Director's own appointment.

128. **Chairman ~~Chair~~ to decide whether a ~~director~~ Director may vote**

If a question arises at a meeting of the Board or of a committee of the Board as to the right of a Director to vote or be counted in the quorum and such question is not resolved by ~~his~~ the Director voluntarily agreeing to abstain from voting or not to be counted in the quorum, the question may (unless the Director concerned is the ~~chairman~~ chair of the meeting in which case ~~he~~ they shall withdraw from the meeting and the Board shall elect a vice ~~chairman~~ chair to consider the question in place of the ~~chairman~~ chair), before the conclusion of the meeting, be referred to the ~~chairman~~ chair of the meeting and ~~his~~ their ruling in relation to any Director other than ~~himself~~ themselves shall be final and conclusive except in a case where the nature or extent of the interest of the Director concerned has not been fairly disclosed and provided that any such question shall, for the purposes of disclosure of the interest in the accounts of the Company, be finally and conclusively decided by a majority of the Board (other than the Director concerned).

DIRECTORS' POWERS TO AUTHORISE CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

129. **Authorisation of interests**

The Directors may authorise, to the fullest extent permitted by law, any matter proposed to them which would otherwise result in a Director infringing ~~his~~ their duty under section 175 of the Act to avoid a situation in which ~~he has~~ they have, or can have, a direct or indirect interest that conflicts, or possibly may conflict, with the interests of the Company and which may reasonably be regarded as likely to give rise to a conflict of interest.

130. **Requirement for authorisation to be effective**

Authorisation of a matter under Article 129 is effective only if:-

- 130.1 the matter has been proposed to the Directors by its being submitted in writing for consideration at a meeting of the Directors or for the authorisation of the Directors by resolution in writing and in accordance with the Board's normal procedures or in such other manner as the Board may approve;
- 130.2 any requirement as to quorum at the meeting of the Directors at which the matter is considered is met without counting the Director in question and any other interested Director; and
- 130.3 the matter has been agreed to without the Director in question and any other interested Director voting or would have been agreed to if their votes had not been counted.

131. **Conflicts arising out of authorised matter**

Any authorisation of a matter under Article 129 shall extend to any actual or potential conflict of interest which may reasonably be expected to arise out of the matter so authorised.

132. **Directors may impose terms on authorisation**

The Board may authorise a matter pursuant to Article 129 on such terms and for such duration, or impose such limits or conditions on it, as it may decide and vary the terms or duration of such an authorisation (including any limits or conditions imposed on it) or revoke it. A Director shall comply with any obligations imposed ~~on him~~ by the Directors pursuant to any such authorisation.

133. **Examples of terms that may be imposed**

Any terms imposed by the Board under Article 132 may include (without limitation):-

- 133.1 whether the Director may vote (or be counted in the quorum) at a meeting of the Board or any committee or sub-committee of the Board in relation to any resolution relating to the relevant matter;
- 133.2 whether the Director is to be given any documents or other information in relation to the relevant matter; and
- 133.3 whether the Director is to be excluded from discussions in relation to the relevant matter at a meeting of the Board or any committee or sub-committee of the Board or otherwise.

134. **Confidential information**

The Director shall not be required to disclose any confidential information obtained in relation to the relevant matter (other than through ~~his~~ their position as a Director ~~of the Company~~) to the Company or to use or apply it in performing ~~his~~ their duties as a Director if to do so would result in a breach of a duty or obligation of confidence owed by ~~him~~ them in relation to or in connection with that matter.

135. **General duties**

A Director does not infringe any duty ~~he owes~~ owed to the Company by virtue of sections 171 to 177 of the Act if ~~he acts~~ they act in accordance with such terms, limits and conditions (if any) as the Board may impose in respect of its authorisation of the Director's conflict of interest or possible conflict of interest under Article 129.

136. **Accountability for benefits**

A Director shall not, save as they otherwise ~~agreed by him~~agree, be accountable to the Company for any benefit which ~~he~~the Director (or a person connected with ~~him~~the Director) derives from any matter authorised by the Directors under Article 129 and any contract, transaction or arrangement relating thereto shall not be liable to be avoided on the grounds of any such benefit.

137. **Conflict of duties**

A reference in these Articles to a conflict of interest includes a conflict of interest and duty and a conflict of duties.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS - GENERAL

138. **Connected persons**

For the purposes of Articles 119 to 137:-

138.1 an interest of a person connected with a Director shall be treated as an interest of the Director; and

138.2 section 252 of the Act shall determine whether a person is connected with a Director.

139. **Suspension or ratification by ordinary resolution**

The Company may by ordinary resolution suspend or relax to any extent, either generally or in respect of any particular matter, any provision of these Articles prohibiting a Director from voting at a meeting of the Board or of a committee of the Board or ratify any contract, transaction or arrangement, or other proposal, not duly authorised by reason of a contravention of any provisions of these Articles.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD

140. **Notice of ~~board~~Board meetings**

Subject to the provisions of these Articles, the Board may regulate its proceedings as it thinks fit. A Director may, and the Secretary at the request of a Director shall, call a meeting of the Board. Notice of a board meeting may be given to a ~~director~~Director personally or by word of mouth or sent by instrument to ~~him~~the Director at such address as ~~he~~they may from time to time specify for this purpose (or if ~~he does not specify an~~no address is specified, at ~~his~~the Director's last known address) or sent in electronic form to such address (if any) as may for the time being be notified by ~~him~~the Director or on ~~his~~their behalf to the Company for that purpose. A Director absent or intending to be absent from the United Kingdom may request the Board that notices of board meetings shall during ~~his~~their absence be given by instrument or in electronic form to ~~him~~the Director (or to ~~his~~their alternate) at an address given by ~~him~~the Director to the Company for this purpose, but if no such request is made it shall not be necessary to give notice of a board meeting to any Director who is for the time being absent from the United Kingdom. A Director may waive notice of any meeting either prospectively or retrospectively.

141. **Voting at ~~board~~Board meetings**

Questions arising at a meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes. In the case of an equality of votes, the ~~chairman~~chair of the meeting shall have a second or casting vote.

142. **Quorum at ~~board~~Board meetings**

The quorum for the transaction of the business of the Board may be fixed by the Board and unless so fixed at any other number shall be two. A person who holds office as an Alternate Director shall, if ~~his~~their appointor is not present, be counted in the quorum provided that a Director or Alternate Director who attends a meeting of the Board shall for the purposes of a quorum be counted as one person notwithstanding that ~~he~~they also ~~attends~~attend such meeting as an Alternate Director or that ~~he attends~~they attend as an Alternate Director appointed by more than one Director.

143. **Participation in Board meetings by telephone**

Any Director or other person may participate in a meeting of the Board by means of conference telephone or similar communications equipment whereby all persons participating in the meeting can hear each other and any person participating in the meeting in this manner shall be deemed to be present in person at that meeting. Such a meeting shall be deemed to take place where the largest group of those participating is assembled, or, if there is no such group, at the place where the ~~chairman~~ chair of the meeting is at the time the meeting is held.

144. **Number of ~~directors~~ Directors below quorum**

The continuing Directors or a sole continuing Director may act notwithstanding any vacancies in the Board but, if the number of Directors is less than the number fixed as the quorum, the continuing Directors or Director may act only for the purpose of filling vacancies in the Board or of calling a general meeting.

~~145. **Chairman**~~

145. **Chair**

The Board may appoint one of its number to be the ~~chairman~~ chair of the Board and one or more deputy chairmen and may at any time remove them from office. Unless ~~he is~~ unwilling to do so, the ~~chairman~~ chair of the Board shall preside at every meeting of the Board at which ~~he is~~ they are present. But if there is no ~~chairman~~ chair of the Board or deputy ~~chairman~~ chair holding office, or if at any meeting neither the ~~chairman~~ chair of the Board nor a deputy ~~chairman~~ chair is present and willing to preside within five minutes after the time appointed for the meeting, the Directors present may appoint one of their number to be ~~chairman~~ chair of the meeting.

146. **Resolution in writing**

A resolution in writing signed by all the Directors entitled to receive notice of a meeting of the Board (not being less than the number required to form a quorum of the Board) or all members of a committee of the Board shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Board or (as the case may be) a committee of the Board duly convened and held and may consist of several documents in hard copy form and/or sent by electronic means in the like form each signed by one or more Directors provided that all those signing or agreeing to the resolution would have formed a quorum at such a meeting. A resolution signed by an Alternate Director need not also be signed by ~~his~~ their appointor and, if it is signed by a Director who has appointed an Alternate Director, it need not be signed by the Alternate Director in that capacity.

147. **Validity of acts**

All acts done by a meeting of the Board, or of a committee of the Board, or by a person acting as a Director, Alternate Director or member of a committee shall, notwithstanding that it be afterwards discovered that there was a defect in the appointment or continuance in office of any Director, Alternate Director or person acting as aforesaid, or that any of them were disqualified from holding office, or had vacated office, or were not entitled to vote, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified and had continued to be a Director, Alternate Director or member of a committee and had been entitled to vote.

SECRETARY

148. **Secretary**

Subject to the provisions of the Acts, the Secretary shall be appointed by the Board for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as it may think fit and any Secretary so appointed may be removed by the Board. Two or more persons may be appointed as joint secretaries and the Board may also appoint from time to time on such terms as it may think fit one or more temporary or assistant or deputy secretaries.

MINUTES

149. Minutes

The Board shall cause minutes to be kept:-

149.1 of all appointments of officers made by the Board; and

149.2 of all proceedings at meetings of the Company, of the holders of any class of shares in the Company, and of the Board, and of committees of the Board, including the names of the Directors present at each such meeting.

Any such minutes, if purporting to be signed by the ~~chairman~~ chair of the meeting to which they relate or of the meeting at which they are approved, shall be sufficient evidence without any further proof of the facts stated in them.

THE SEAL

150. Use of seal

If the Company has a Seal it shall only be used by the authority of the Board or of a committee of the Board authorised by the Board in that behalf. The Board may determine who shall sign any instrument to which the Seal is affixed and unless otherwise so determined it shall be signed by a Director and by the Secretary or by a second Director or by such other persons as the Board may approve.

151. Official seal

If the company has an official seal for use abroad, it may only be affixed to a document if its use on that document, or documents of a class to which it belongs, has been authorised by a decision of the Board, or of a committee of the Board authorised by the Board in that behalf.

152. Securities seal

If the company has a securities seal, it may only be affixed to securities by the company secretary or a person authorised to apply it to securities by the company secretary.

153. Affixing of securities seal

For the purposes of the Articles, references to the securities seal being affixed to any document include the reproduction of the image of that seal on or in a document by any mechanical or electronic means which has been approved by the ~~directors~~ Directors in relation to that document or documents of a class to which it belongs.

DIVIDENDS

154. Declaration of dividends by the Company

154.1 Subject to the provisions of the Acts, the Company may by ordinary resolution declare dividends in accordance with the respective rights of the members, but no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the Board.

154.2 If the Directors' recommendation as to the amount of the dividend is reduced or withdrawn following the issue of the notice of meeting, the chair shall amend or withdraw the proposed resolution to declare the dividend as they see fit, in the case of an amended resolution, in accordance with Article 66.

155. Calculation of dividends

Except as otherwise provided by the rights attached to the shares, all dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid up on the shares on which the dividend is paid but (for the

purposes of this Article only) no amount paid on a share in advance of calls shall be treated as paid on the share. All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid up on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid; but, if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividend as from a particular date, that share shall rank for dividend accordingly. Dividends may be paid or declared in any currency. The Directors may agree with any member that dividends which at any time or from time to time be declared or become due on ~~his~~ the member's shares in one currency shall be paid or satisfied in another and may agree the basis of conversion to be applied and how and when the amount to be paid in the other currency shall be calculated and paid and for the Company or any other person to bear any costs involved.

156. **Board may pay interim and fixed dividends**

Subject to the provisions of the Acts, the Board may pay interim dividends if it appears to the Board that they are justified by the profits of the Company available for distribution. If the share capital is divided into different classes of shares, the Board may pay interim dividends on shares which confer deferred or non-preferred rights with regard to dividend as well as on shares which confer preferential rights with regard to dividend, but no interim dividend shall be paid on shares carrying deferred or non-preferred rights if, at the time of payment, any preferential dividend is in arrears. The Board may also pay at intervals settled by it any dividend payable at a fixed rate if it appears to it that the profits available for distribution justify the payment. Provided the Board acts in good faith the Directors shall not incur any liability to the holders of shares conferring preferred rights for any loss that they may suffer by the lawful payment of an interim dividend on any shares having deferred or non-preferred rights. Dividends may be declared or paid in any currency.

157. **Amounts due on shares may be deducted**

The Board may deduct from any dividend or other moneys payable on or in respect of a share to ~~any a~~ member all sums of money (if any) presently payable by ~~him~~ that member to the Company on account of calls or otherwise in relation to shares of the Company.

158. **No interest on dividends**

No dividend or other moneys payable in respect of a share shall bear interest as against the Company unless otherwise provided by the rights attached to the share. All unclaimed dividends may be retained by the Company or invested or made use of by the Company as the Board may think fit until they are claimed and so that the Company shall not be obliged to account for any interest or other income derived from them nor shall it be constituted a trustee in respect of them or be responsible for any loss thereby arising. Any interest or profits earned on unclaimed dividends invested or otherwise made use of shall belong to the Company. Any dividend which has remained unclaimed for twelve years from the date when it became due for payment shall be forfeited and cease to remain owing by the Company.

159. **Record dates**

Without prejudice to any rights attached to any shares, the Company or the Board may fix a date, or a particular time on a date, as the record date by reference to which a dividend will be declared or paid or a distribution, allotment or issue made, and that date may be before, on or after the date on which the dividend, distribution, allotment or issue is declared, paid or made. In the absence of a record date being fixed, entitlement to any dividend, distribution, allotment or issue shall be determined by reference to the date on which the dividend is declared or the distribution, allotment or issue is made.

160. **Payment to persons entitled by transmission**

The Board may pay the dividends or other moneys payable on shares in respect of which any person is entitled to be registered as holder by transmission to such person upon production of such evidence as would be required if such person desired to be registered as a member in respect of such shares.

161. Payment procedure

Any dividend or other moneys payable in respect of a share may be paid :-

161.1 in cash;

161.2 by cheque or warrant sent by post to the address in the Register of the person entitled to the moneys or, if two or more persons are the holders of the share or are jointly entitled to it by reason of the death or bankruptcy of the holder or otherwise by operation of law, to the address in the Register of that one of those persons who is first named in the Register in respect of the joint holding or to such person and to such address as the person or persons entitled to the moneys may in writing direct. Every such cheque or warrant shall be made payable to the person or persons entitled to the moneys or to such other person as the person or persons so entitled may in writing direct and shall be sent at the risk of the person or persons so entitled. Any such cheque or warrant may be crossed "account payee" although the Company shall not be obliged to do so;

161.3 by bank transfer to such account (of a type approved by the Board) as the person or persons entitled to the moneys may in writing direct; or

161.4 by such other method of payment approved by the Board as the person or persons entitled to the moneys may in writing agree to.

Payment of a cheque or warrant by the bank on which it was drawn or the transfer of funds by the bank instructed to make the transfer shall be a good discharge to the Company.

162. Uncashed dividends

If in respect of dividends or other moneys payable in respect of any shares cheques or warrants have been sent through the post in accordance with the provisions of the preceding article but have been returned undelivered or left uncashed during the periods for which they are valid or bank transfers or other methods of payment have failed either:-

162.1 on two consecutive occasions; or

162.2 on any one occasion and reasonable enquiries have failed to establish another address or account of the person entitled to the moneys,

the Company need not thereafter despatch further cheques or warrants or give instructions for bank transfers or other methods of payment in payment of dividends or other moneys payable on or in respect of the shares in question until the member or other person entitled thereto shall have communicated with the Company and supplied in writing to the Transfer Office a new address or account to be used for the purpose.

163. Dividends other than in cash

Any general meeting declaring a dividend may, upon the recommendation of the Board, direct payment or satisfaction of such dividend wholly or in part by the distribution of specific assets and in particular of fully paid shares or debentures of any other company, and the Board shall give effect to such directions. Where any difficulty arises in regard to the distribution, the Board may settle the same as it thinks expedient, and in particular may fix the value for distribution of such specific assets or any part thereof and may determine that cash payment shall be made to any members upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of those entitled to participate in the dividend, and may vest any such specific assets in trustees, upon trust for the members entitled to the dividend, as may seem expedient to the Board.

164. Scrip dividends

The Board may, with the sanction of an ordinary resolution of the Company, offer the holders of shares the right to elect to receive shares, credited as fully paid, instead of cash in respect of the whole (or some part, to be determined by the Board) of such dividend or dividends as are specified by such resolution. The following provisions shall apply:-

- 164.1 the resolution may specify a particular dividend, or may specify all or any dividends declared or paid within a specified period, but such period shall end not later than the beginning of the annual general meeting in the fifth year following that in which such resolution is passed;
- 164.2 the entitlement of each holder of shares to new shares shall be such that the value of such new shares shall be as nearly as possible equal to (but not in excess of) the cash amount that such holder would otherwise have received by way of dividend. For this purpose the value of a share shall be the average of the middle market quotations for such a share as derived from the London Stock Exchange Daily Official List on such five consecutive dealing days as the Directors shall determine provided that the first of such dealing days shall be on or after the day when the shares are first quoted "ex" the relevant dividend;
- 164.3 no fraction of a share may be allotted and the Board may make such provision as it thinks fit for any fractional entitlements including provision:-
- 164.3.1 for the whole or part of the benefit of fractional entitlements to be disregarded or to accrue to the Company; or
- 164.3.2 for the value of fractional entitlements to be accumulated on behalf of a member (without entitlement to interest) and applied in paying up new shares in connection with a subsequent offer by the Company of the right to receive shares instead of cash in respect of a future dividend;
- 164.4 the Board, after determining the basis of allotment, shall notify the holders of shares in writing of the right of election offered to them and (except in the case of any holder from whom the Company has received written notice in such form as the Board may require which is effective for the purposes of the relevant dividend that such holder wishes to receive shares instead of cash in respect of all future dividends in respect of which the Board offers the holders of shares the right to elect to receive shares as aforesaid) shall send with, or following, such notification, forms of election and specify the procedure to be followed and the place or address at which, and the latest date and time by which, duly completed forms of election must be received in order to be effective;
- 164.5 the dividend (or that part of the dividend in respect of which a right of election has been offered) shall not be payable on shares in respect of which such election has been duly made (the "elected shares") and instead additional shares shall be allotted to the holders of the elected shares on the basis of allotment determined as provided above. For such purpose the Board shall capitalise out of such of the sums standing to the credit of reserves (including any share premium account or capital redemption reserve) or any of the profits which could otherwise have been applied in paying dividends in cash as the Board may determine a sum equal to the aggregate nominal amount of the additional shares to be allotted on such basis and shall apply the same in paying up in full the appropriate number of unissued shares for allotment and distribution to and amongst the holders of the elected shares on such basis;
- 164.6 the additional shares so allotted shall rank *pari passu* in all respects with the fully-paid shares of that class then in issue save only as regards participation in the relevant dividend; and
- 164.7 the Board may on any occasion determine that rights of election shall only be made available subject to such exclusions, restrictions or other arrangements as it may in its absolute discretion deem necessary or desirable in order to comply with legal or practical problems under the laws of, or the requirements of any recognised regulatory body or any stock exchange in, any territory.

165. **Joint holders**

If several persons are entered in the Register as joint holders of any share or are jointly entitled to a share, any one of them may give receipts for any dividend or other moneys payable in respect of the share and the Board may deduct from the dividends or other moneys payable in respect of any share held jointly by several persons all sums of money (if any) presently payable to the Company from any one or more of the registered holders on account of calls or otherwise in relation to shares in the Company held in the joint names of all (but not some only) of such registered holders.

ACCOUNTS

166. **Members have no rights to inspect records**

No member shall (as such) have any right of inspecting any accounting records or other book or document of the Company except as conferred by the Acts or authorised by the Board or by ordinary resolution of the Company.

167. **Delivery of accounts**

167.1 Save as provided in this Article, a copy of the annual accounts of the Company together with a copy of the Auditors' report and the Directors' report and any other documents required to accompany or to be annexed to them shall, not less than 21 days before the date of the general meeting at which copies of those documents are to be laid, be sent to every member and to every debenture holder of the Company and to every other person who is entitled to receive notices from the Company of general meetings.

167.2 Copies of the documents referred to in Article 167.1 need not be sent:-

167.2.1 to a person who is not entitled to receive notices of general meetings and of whose address the Company is unaware; or

167.2.2 to more than one of the joint holders of shares or debentures in respect of those shares or debentures,

provided that any member or debenture holder to whom a copy of such documents has not been sent shall be entitled to receive a copy free of charge on application at the Office.

167.3 The Company may, in accordance with sections 426 to 429 of the Act and any regulations made under it, send a summary financial statement to any of the persons otherwise entitled to be sent copies of the documents referred to in Article ~~167.1~~ instead 167.1 instead of or in addition to those documents and, where it does so, the statement shall be delivered or sent to such person not less than 21 days before the general meeting at which copies of those documents are to be laid.

CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS

168. **Procedure**

The Board may with the authority of an ordinary resolution of the Company:-

168.1 subject as subsequently provided in these Articles, resolve to capitalise all or any part of the profits of the Company to which this Article applies;

168.2 appropriate the sum resolved to be capitalised to the members who would have been entitled to it if it were distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions and apply such sum on their behalf either:-

168.2.1 in or towards paying up the amounts, if any, for the time being unpaid on any shares held by them respectively; or

168.2.2 in paying up in full unissued shares or debentures of the Company of a nominal amount equal to that sum, and allot the shares or debentures credited as fully paid to those

members, or as they may direct, in those proportions,

or partly in one way and partly in the other;

168.3 in respect of any shares held as treasury shares, include, to the extent permitted by the Act, the Company among the members entitled to the sum resolved to be capitalised notwithstanding that it is not entitled to any dividend in respect of such shares;

168.4 make such provision by the issue of fractional securities or by payment in cash or otherwise as it determines in the case of shares or debentures otherwise becoming distributable under this Article in fractions; and

168.5 authorise any person to enter on behalf of all the members concerned into an agreement with the Company providing for the allotment to them respectively, credited as fully paid, of any shares or debentures to which they are entitled upon such capitalisation, any agreement made under such authority being binding on all such members.

169. **Profits which may be capitalised**

The profits of the Company to which the preceding Article applies shall be any undivided profits of the Company not required for paying fixed dividends on any preference shares or other shares issued on special conditions and shall be deemed to include:-

169.1 any reserves arising from appreciation in capital assets or ascertained by valuation; and

169.2 any other amounts for the time being standing to any reserve or reserves including capital redemption reserve and share premium account,

provided that to the extent required by the Acts the Company shall not apply an unrealised profit in paying up debentures or any amounts unpaid on any of its issued shares and the only purpose to which sums standing to share premium account or capital redemption reserve shall be applied pursuant to the preceding Article shall be the payment up in full of unissued shares to be allotted and distributed as aforesaid.

NOTICES

170. **Form of notice**

Any notice or other document to be sent or given pursuant to these Articles (other than a notice calling a meeting of the Board) shall be in writing and, subject to the Act, may be sent in electronic form to such address (if any) as may for the time being be notified for that purpose to the person sending the notice or other document by or on behalf of the person to whom the notice or document is sent. The Board may from time to time specify the form and manner in which a notice may be given by or to the Company in electronic form and may prescribe such procedures as it thinks fit for verifying the authenticity or integrity of any such communication in electronic form. A notice may be given to the Company in electronic form only if it is given to an address specified for the receipt of communications in electronic form of that type and in accordance with the requirements specified by the Board.

171. **Method of service**

The Company may give any notice in writing, document or other communication to a member:

171.1 personally;

171.2 by sending it by post in a prepaid envelope addressed to the member at ~~his~~their address in the Register;

171.3 by leaving it at that address;

- 171.4 by sending it in electronic form to such address (if any) as may for the time being be notified to the Company by or on behalf of the member for that purpose; or
- 171.5 by making it available on a website and notifying the member of its availability in accordance with the Act. A member shall be deemed to have agreed that the Company may send or supply a document or information by means of a website if the conditions set out in the Act have been satisfied.

In the case of joint holders of a share, all notices and other documents shall be given to the joint holder whose name stands first in the Register in respect of the joint holding and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the joint holders.

172. Members with overseas addresses

A member whose postal address in the Register is not within the United Kingdom and who gives to the Company a postal address within the United Kingdom at which notices may be given to ~~him~~ them shall be entitled to have notices given ~~to him~~ at that postal address, but otherwise no such member shall be entitled to receive any notice from the Company through the postal system.

173. Member present deemed to have notice

A member present, either in person or by proxy, at any meeting of the Company or of the holders of any class of shares in the Company (and, where such person is one of the joint holders of a share, all the joint holders) shall be deemed to have received notice of the meeting and, where requisite, of the purposes for which it was called.

174. Service of notice on person entitled by transmission

A notice or other document may be given by the Company to the persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member or otherwise by operation of law by sending or delivering it, in any manner authorised by these Articles for the giving of notice to a member, addressed to them by name, or by the title of representatives of the deceased, or trustee of the bankrupt or by any like description at the address, if any, within the United Kingdom supplied for that purpose by the persons claiming to be so entitled. Until such an address has been supplied, a notice may be given in any manner in which it might have been given if the death or bankruptcy or other event giving rise to the transmission of the share by operation of law had not occurred. Every person who becomes entitled to a share shall be bound by any notice in respect of that share which, before ~~his~~ their name is entered in the Register, has been duly given to a person from whom ~~he derives his~~ they derive their title.

175. Untraced member not entitled to notices

If the Company has suspended the despatch of cheques or warrants to any member or other person entitled thereto in accordance with the provisions of these Articles or, if on two consecutive occasions notices have been sent through the post to any member or other person entitled thereto at ~~his~~ their registered address or address for service but have been returned undelivered, such member or other person entitled thereto shall not thereafter be entitled to receive notices from the Company until he shall have communicated with the Company and supplied in writing to the Transfer Office a new registered address or address within the United Kingdom for the service of notices.

176. When notice deemed served

Proof that an envelope containing a notice in writing, document or other communication was properly addressed, prepaid and put into the post shall be conclusive evidence that the notice, document or communication was sent. Proof (in accordance with the formal recommendations of best practice contained in the guidance issued by the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators) that a communication in electronic form was sent by the Company shall be conclusive evidence that the communication was sent. If the Company receives a delivery failure notification following a communication by electronic means the Company shall send or supply the document or notice in hard copy form or electronic form (but not by electronic means) to the

member either personally or by sending it by post in accordance with Article 156. A notice in writing, document or other communication shall be deemed to have been given:

- 176.1 if left at a registered address or address at which a notice in writing, document or other communication may be given, on the day on which it was so left;
- 176.2 if sent by first class post, on the day following that on which the envelope containing it was put into the post;
- 176.3 if sent by second class post, on the second day following that on which the envelope containing it was put into the post;
- 176.4 if sent by electronic means on the day on which the communication was sent notwithstanding that the company subsequently sends a hard copy of such notice, document or information by post; and
- 176.5 if made available on a website, when the recipient was deemed to have received notification of the fact that the material was available on the website, in accordance with this Article.

177. Notice when post not available

Without prejudice to the Article governing the accidental omission to give notice and to the presumption of service by post and the presumed date of service by post in the last preceding Article, if at any time, by reason of the suspension or curtailment of postal services within all or any part of the United Kingdom, the Board reasonably believes that a notice of a general meeting, if sent by post, is unlikely to be delivered within seven days of posting, the Company may at its sole discretion and either in addition to or in substitution for notice by post, convene a general meeting by a notice advertised in at least one national newspaper and such notice shall be deemed to have been duly served on all members and other persons entitled thereto on the day when the advertisement has appeared in at least one such newspaper. If in any such case notices have not been posted the Company shall send confirmatory copies of the notice by post if at least seven days prior to the meeting the delivery by post of notices to addresses throughout the United Kingdom again becomes practicable.

AUTHENTICATION OF DOCUMENTS

178. Authentication of documents

Any Director or the Secretary or any person appointed by the Board for the purpose may authenticate any document affecting the constitution of the Company and any resolution passed by the Company or the Board or any committee of the Board, and any books, records, documents and accounts relating to the business of the Company and may certify copies thereof or extracts therefrom as true copies or extracts. Where these Articles require a notice or other document to be signed or authenticated by a member or other person then any notice or other document sent or supplied in electronic form is sufficiently authenticated in any manner authorised by the Act or in such other manner as may be approved by the Directors. The Directors may designate mechanisms for validating any such notice or other document and any such notice or other document not so validated by use of such mechanisms shall be deemed not to have been received by the Company. Except in the case of manifest error a document which is certified as aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence in favour of all persons dealing with the Company in good faith that the document is true and complete and in the case of a copy of a resolution or an extract from the minutes of the Board or any committee of the Board that such copy or extract is a true and accurate record of proceedings at a duly constituted meeting.

DESTRUCTION OF DOCUMENTS

179. Destruction of documents

- 179.1 It shall be presumed conclusively in favour of the Company that every entry on the Register purporting to have been made on the basis of an instrument of transfer or other document destroyed by the Company was duly and properly made and that every instrument of transfer so destroyed was a valid and effective instrument duly and properly registered, and that every share

certificate so destroyed was a valid and effective certificate duly and properly cancelled and that every other document mentioned in Article 179.1.1 so destroyed was a valid and effective document in accordance with the recorded particulars of it in the books and records of the Company and that every paid dividend warrant and cheque so destroyed was duly paid; provided always that:-

- 179.1.1 six years shall have elapsed since the date of registration of the relevant instrument of transfer of shares and two years shall have elapsed since the date of recording of the relevant dividend mandate or notification of change of name or address and one year shall have elapsed since the recorded date of payment of the relevant dividend warrant or cheque or cancellation of the relevant cancelled share certificate; and
- 179.1.2 the Company is not shown to have destroyed a document in bad faith or with actual notice of any claim (regardless of the parties) to which the document might be relevant.
- 179.2 The Company shall be entitled to destroy any such document after the relevant period referred to in Article 179.1.1 but nothing in these Articles shall be construed as imposing upon the Company any duty to retain any document for such period.
- 179.3 References in this Article to the destruction of any document include references to its disposal in any manner.

PROVISION FOR EMPLOYEES ON CESSATION OF BUSINESS

180. Provision for employees on cessation of business

The Board may decide to make provisions for the benefit of persons employed or formerly employed by the Company or any of its subsidiaries (other than a ~~director~~ Director or former ~~director~~ Director or shadow ~~director~~ Director) in connection with the cessation or transfer to any person of the whole or part of the undertaking of the Company or that subsidiary.

WINDING UP

181. Winding up

If the Company is wound up, the liquidator may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the Company and any other sanction required by the Acts, divide among the members in specie the whole or any part of the assets of the Company and may, for that purpose, value any assets and determine how the division shall be carried out as between the members or different classes of members. The liquidator may, with the like sanction, vest the whole or any part of the assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the members as he with the like sanction determines, but no member shall be compelled to accept any assets upon which there is a liability.

INDEMNITY AND INSURANCE

182. Indemnity and insurance

182.1 Subject to the provisions of the Acts but without prejudice to any indemnity to which they may otherwise be entitled, every Director, Alternate Director, Secretary or other officer (other than the Auditors) of the Company or of any associated company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all costs, charges, expenses, losses, damages and liabilities ("Liabilities") incurred in or about the execution of their duties or the exercise of their powers or otherwise and, where the Company is a trustee of an occupational pension scheme, against all Liabilities incurred in connection with the Company's activities as a trustee of the pension scheme.

182.2 The Directors may decide to purchase and maintain insurance, at the expense of the Company, for the benefit of any relevant officer in respect of any relevant loss.

182.3 In this Article 182:

182.3.1 a "relevant officer" means a Director, Alternate Director, Secretary or other officer or former director, secretary or other officer of the Company, a Subsidiary Undertaking, or any associated company but excluding the Auditors;

182.3.2 a "relevant loss" means any loss or liability which has been or may be incurred by a relevant officer in connection with that officer's duties, responsibilities or powers in relation to the Company, a Subsidiary Undertaking, or any associated company or any pension fund or employees' share scheme of the Company or any associated company; and

182.3.3 companies are associated if one is the subsidiary of the other or both are subsidiaries of the same body corporate.

~~182. — Indemnity~~

~~182.1 Without prejudice to any indemnity to which the person concerned may be otherwise entitled, every director, alternate director, secretary or other officer of the Company shall be entitled to be indemnified by the Company against any liability incurred by him:-~~

~~182.1.1 in defending any proceedings (whether civil or criminal) in which judgment is given in his favour or he is acquitted; or~~

~~182.1.2 in connection with any application under section 144(3) or (4) of the 1985 Act (acquisition of shares by innocent nominee) or section 727 of the 1985 Act (general power to grant relief in case of honest and reasonable conduct) in which relief is granted to him by the court.~~

~~182.2 Subject to the provisions of and so far as may be permitted by, the Statutes but without prejudice to any indemnity to which the person concerned may be otherwise entitled, every such officer of the Company as is referred to in Article 182.1 shall be entitled to be indemnified by the Company against all costs, charges, losses, expenses and liabilities incurred by him in the execution and discharge of his duties or the exercise of his powers or otherwise in relation to or in connection with his duties, powers or office.~~

~~The Directors may purchase and maintain at the cost of the Company insurance cover for any such officer as is referred to in Article 182.1 against any liability which may attach to him in respect of any negligence, default, breach of duty or breach or trust towards the Company or otherwise in relation to anything done or omitted to be done or alleged to have been done or omitted to be done by him as an officer of the Company.~~